

Jones' Book Store

Carries a large stock of

School Supplies and School and College Books, Paper.

NOTE THIS STATEMENT:—We can save you time and Money if you are sending away for these goods. Let us figure on what you want so you can put us to the test. We meet any competition, quality of goods considered.

Pencils and Ink Tablets

Our line unequalled. High grade stock in alabastine covers.

Inks and Pencils

We carry Sanford's Inks and can give you inks by the gallon.

Crayons, Blackboards, Slating, Erasers, School and College Dictionaries.

We can furnish anything your School Needs.

The Famous Perry Pictures

School Organ at \$35

CAN NOT BE EXCELLED.

...JONES' BOOK STORE...

LOCAL NEWS.

Special kid glove sale, Wednesday, Sept. 3rd at Ahern's.

For Western Stock Food, the best in the market, see Peter Coyne.

Dr. J. C. Clark, the eye specialist, will be at Wayne Sept. 1st.

WANTED—Girl to do house-work. Leave address with DEMOCRAT.

Trade at the Brookings grocery and save money on the necessities of life.

Mrs. Fannie Skiles left this morning for Brainerd, Minn., where she will teach for a year.

If you want some of the finest whiskey sold just sample some of that rare old bourbon at the Palace. It's O. K.

P. L. Miller & Son can show the farmers something to their interest on a flour deal. See their card in another column.

Want some home-made bread, try Steen's. Want the best fresh bread, cookies, cakes, pies etc., Steen's is the place to get them.

Winside Tribune: One of those little unpleasant events that occur occasionally, came off last Thursday when Ed Stevens and Fred Williamson got mixed up in a fracas. Fred got the worst of it having, as he tersely expressed himself, "got hold of a wild cat" and had Ed pulled. The school fund was increased \$5.00.

Prof. Snodgrass requests, the DEMOCRAT to state that new pupils desiring to enter our public schools should present themselves at the High school building on Tuesday or Wednesday afternoon next week. Examinations for promotion will be held at the same time for all those who failed in any branch, or who from any cause failed to take any of the final examinations last May.

Reed's Great Band

Among all the band organizations of the middle western states there are none that have more justly acquired reputation for fine music than Reed's Fourth Regiment Band of Sioux City, Ia. It's nearly thirty years ago since the DEMOCRAT man first heard M. E. Reed blow a cornet and in all that time his band has been increasing year by year in popularity—grew up with the west, so to speak. People fond of fine music, and who do not care for a street carnival, will enjoy the evening concert given by Reed's famous musicians at the street fair, Sept. 4, 5 and 6.

For Sale—Remington typewriter, in good condition and cheap. Enquire at this office.

Mrs. Frank Whitney, wife of the "Deacon" is visiting her folks at Pappas, Iowa.

The Herald notes that Jake Reichert was a visitor from Brenna Tuesday. Why didn't you come to see us, Jake?

Another beautiful rain last night and the Mickey farmers are anxiously singing "What will the Harvest Be?" Makes the fires of life burn with a steady glow. Renews the golden, happy days of youth. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Raymond's Pharmacy.

Ed. Mitchell went up to Bloomfield last night to look after some farm business. Mr. Mitchell, like Mickey, is an ideal candidate for office, he's such an industrious farmer, fellow!

The 2 Johns have quite an announcement in to-day's paper of their Third annual Anniversary. The 2 Johns do the business and are now in proper accommodations to take care of their customers.

THE CREEDMORE

The Creedmore—as full of style and character as a boy is of pranks. It "sets off" any boy—gives him individuality, tone and dignity without stiffness.

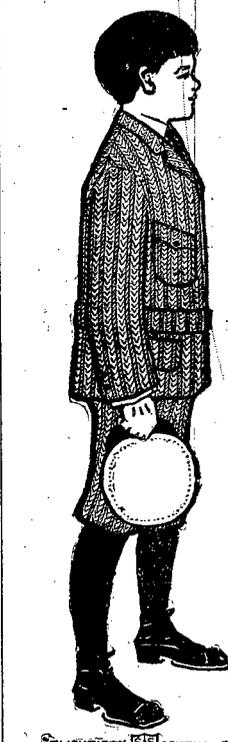
It's a part of the "Twentieth Century" line of boys' clothes—garments to which the old adjectives don't apply.

These boys' clothes are made to carry out a new idea—the idea that in these days of progress, when city folks and country folks read the same books and newspapers, they should have the opportunity of wearing the same kind of clothes.

A number of good makers have provided the opportunity for men—the makers of "Twentieth Century" boys' clothes are the first to provide it for boys.

You need to see these garments to appreciate them.

School opens Sept. 8, let us show you our Boys' Suits for school.



HARRINGTON'S, THE LEADING CLOTHIER.

Fall Millinery

We have now on display the most complete and up-to-date line of Fall Millinery being shown, comprising all the latest styles in Street, Outing, Tailor and Ready-to-Wear hats. The senior member of our firm is now in Chicago where she has made selections from several of the largest wholesale houses, of everything that is "newest" and most "chic" in the "Millinery World." Don't fail to visit our Parlors when in attendance at the Carnival Sept. 4, 5 and 6 as we have made a special effort to have our stock complete at that time, and cordially invite any lady in the country to call and see that our goods are just as advertised and know you will be pleased with the effort we have made to suit you, as we have styles for all faces and prices that cannot fail to please. Watch for date of our opening of Pattern hats later and remember the place.

Bayer Sisters MILLINERY PARLORS

Grand Millinery Opening

Special attention should be given to the new and complete line of Early Fall Hats, which will be on our tables all during Carnival. Our "Buyer," who is now in St. Louis, has made these selections and everything novel in the way of Street Hats, Tailor-made Hats and plain dress Hats will be on exhibition at that time. Announcement for our Opening of Fancy Pattern and Dress Hats will be made later. Watch for it.

Every line throughout the store you will find most complete, and we extend you a cordial welcome. Our rooms are spacious so come in and find a "resting" place.

SEPT. 4, 5 AND 6

WILSON BROTHERS.

Teacher's Institute

The Wayne county teachers' institute convened Monday and will close this afternoon. The teachers have been quite prompt and regular in attendance and the instructors report them a very attentive body of teachers. Strong work has been done in every department of work given. Miss Vandor Cook has given very thorough and practical work in the music and primary work and, in fact, in everything she has taught. Her primary work is especially strong as it deals primarily with principles. Prof. Gregg's work in agriculture has brought out very favorable comments not only from the teachers but from citizens of the city who have visited them. The same is true of Prof. Snodgrass' didactics and history. In fact all the work has been very good. The lectures by Rev. A. A. Cressman and Miss C. M. White were well attended and well received by the teachers. The ministers of the city have been very kind in attending and conducting the devotional exercises. As many of the schools begin next Monday it has been decided to begin to close today that teachers may reach their posts of duty tomorrow and be ready for the opening day.

Insure in the German of Freeport. PHIL. H. KOHL, agent.

Carroll Band Coming

Among the musical combinations there is nothing in Northeast Nebraska that excels the Carroll Cornet Band. This band will be in attendance all through the three days of Wayne's street fair and Carnival, Sept. 4, 5 and 6. Carroll is proud of her band and the people in the northwest corner of the county, irrespective of race, creed or previous term of servitude, will all be with us.

List your farms with R. J. James. FOR SALE—Second-hand single harness. Call at this office.

Miss Leonard, who has been visiting Mrs. Ed. Cook south of town, returned to her home at Pontiac, Ill., Wednesday.

A. T. Witter went to Superior Thursday to take charge of his son Will's store, the latter having been very ill for some time and who will go to Colorado to recuperate his health. —Herald.

Congressman Robinson was a passenger west yesterday morning and when asked by the DEMOCRAT man why he failed to show up with McCarty at the old settlers' picnic he explained that he had received no invitation. Mr. Robinson is feeling very good over the prospects of his re-election.

Mystic

Flour

The best in the market and the housekeeper's delight. Just as cheap as cheap flour. Ring up No. 30 and have it delivered.

TO THE FARMERS who have been leaving their wheat at the mills and getting their flour as they want it, we can sell them Mystic in 500-lb. lots, take it as they need it, and save them money. Call and figure it out with us.

P. L. Miller & Son

Miss Carrie Stringer was a passenger to Lincoln this morning.

Call for a pint of ale and porter at the Mildner sample room.

A. W. Schultz was down from Hoskins Saturday looking for some good horses.

Mrs. J. Tower and son Verne went to Belwood, Neb., this morning where Mrs. Tower has a sister.

The wet weather cuts no figure at the Mildner saloon. That popular sample room always draws the dry people.

There is only one trouble with those hot weather beers at Mildner's saloon. They are so big that one of them is a "jag" for a little man to carry.

The Misses Leahy have gone to their schools, one teaching at Papillion and the other at Wisner. A younger daughter will attend the College here. Gene Leahy, a brother, arrived this week from Oklahoma and will clerk in J. T.'s store.

Millinery opening, Monday, Sept. 1st at Mrs. Ahern's.

The Carroll Cornet band will make merry music Carnival days.

Next Monday is Labor day, by dad. And the next, and the next—with the printers.

C. A. Chace got home last night from the south. Cheney isn't a bit stuck on it, the people or the climate.

The person living in Wayne county who fails to attend the carnival next week—well, he or she is not right in the belfry.

Judge Hunter this morning issued license to wed to Marion L. May of Randolph and Miss Lulu Vanslyke of this county.

A "covered wagon" tough advertised in the Norfolk News for a "lady companion." A young man dressed up as a girl answered the card and about the time "she" got to the wagon an officer copped the bad man and took him to jail where he was "washed" with the city fire hose.

Wayne Carnival!

Three Days, Sept 4, 5, 6

You are especially invited to make our store your headquarters. Leave your wraps, take a rest and make yourself at home.

We are just returned from our annual buying trip to the wholesale markets and can interest you in the best assorted stock of Dry Goods, Ladies' Cloaks, Walking Skirts, Furnishing Goods and Novelties, that we have ever been able to show.

We shall have the GOODS and you have the PRICE, let us do BUSINESS together. Satisfaction and prices guaranteed.

YOURS TRULY,

THE RACKET

For Sale

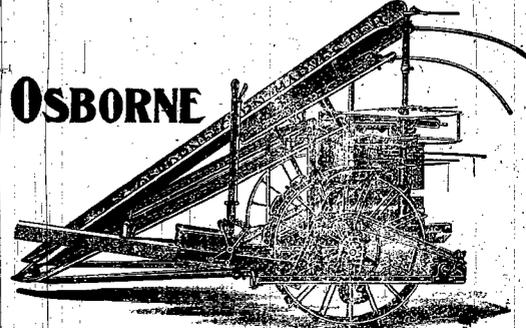


Pure bred Poland Chinas of March and April farrow. I have a fine lot of stock that will meet the approval of all who like large-boned, well-formed Poland Chinas, from such breeds as the Tecumsehs, Wilkes and others equally as good. Come and see my stock any time except Sunday. Prices moderate.

E. J. NANGLE, Half mile south of Wayne, Nebraska.

THE OSBORNE CORN HARVESTER...

- Solid Steel Main Wheel
- Suspension Spokes
- Double Hub
- Solid Steel Grain Wheel
- Steel Axle, Roller Bearings
- Long, Heavy, Driver Chains, Adjustable, no Frail Gears
- Perfect Conveyor
- Positive Cut—No Root Pulling
- Adjusted to Short or tall Corn quickly and easily. Picks up Corn
- Balanced so there is no weight on horses necks



The tremendous demand during the season just passed for the OSBORNE Corn Harvester indicates two things; First that thousands of farmers are realizing the great economy in the new methods of harvesting and preserving the corn crop, and second, that the OSBORNE machine has found splendid favor with the growers of corn in United States.

The latter conclusion is as natural as the first, for the OSBORNE Corn Harvester has proven itself so competent to harvest all kinds of corn in all conditions that it has an undisputed right to its place as "King of the Corn Fields." Its method of cutting, conveying, tying and discharging its corn is along correct principles, and it has been demonstrated in many fields that this machine has no equal.

FOR SALE BY SAM WINSOR

Craven Bros. Clearing Sale

We have a few Refrigerators left that we will sell at Less than Cost. Here they are:

- 1 Box White Enameled inside 90 lb. ice; Former price \$18.50, Price now \$14.90.
- 1 Box Apartment House Style 90 lb. ice; Former price \$17.00, Price now \$13.25.
- 1 Box Zinc lined 90 lb. ice; Former price \$14.00, Price now \$11.50.
- 1 Box Apartment House Style, Former Price \$13.00, Price now \$10.50.

These are all Ash boxes, and finely finished, and standard makes.

We have one 16 in. cut Ball Bearing Lawn Mower, was \$5.00, Price now \$3.95.

We will need the room for our large line of stoves, soon. Now is the time to get a refrigerator cheap.

Our line of washing machines and wringers is complete.

CRAVEN BROTHERS

Twentieth Century Borgia; The Story of Jane Toppan.

No truer is more commonly quoted than that about history. It is not history less often it is noticed that sometimes history has a way of being original.

The appearance on the sensational stage of Miss Jane Toppan, the Borgia of New England, (although in truth she is credited to Lowell, Mass.), is a startle example of history's originality.

Before reaching 40 to have poisoned 31 persons without being found out until the work was successfully accomplished, is not an ordinary feat, even in an age of such remarkable achievements as ours.

Yet such is the self-confessed crime death upon the scaffold. Even he did not falter at the terrible dock, which he was called upon to face.

With a life-long confinement in an insane asylum facing her, and knowing that she was beyond the further vengeance of the law, Miss Toppan, while awaiting a state of insanity and alienists and experts in insanity had fixed their fascinated attentions, turns to her counsel and recites the story of her infamy with as much coolness and unconcern as she might tell of her experiences as a Sunday school instructor.

Such a confession to have any more to confess? Who would suspect the aftermath of a twice-darker tragedy behind it all?

Yet so it was to be. For as soon as Miss Toppan was admitted to the insane asylum at Taunton, she sprang a still more ghastly surprise. This time her confidant was her counsel at the trial from which she had emerged free, in a sense, from the legal consequences of her deeds.

She began by telling him that she was guilty of the crime for which she had been tried, and acquitted. She had deliberately murdered Mrs. Mary Gibbs, her weapons being morphine and atropine. Then she added 20 other murders to her own previous self-indictment of 11.

Here it should be said that among the persons she had killed was the daughter of the very woman who had originally started her in life. Because Miss Toppan's early years were passed in a founding asylum, from which she was taken by a Mrs. Toppan, whose name she adopted. At the age of 16 Miss Toppan was sent to a boarding school for the career of a professional nurse. After graduation she was employed in the Massachusetts General hospital, at Lowell. A few points in her history may be there referred to.

Miss Toppan is said to mistake in adopting the profession of nurse. Personally rather attractive, both in appearance and manner, she also soon gained the reputation of being a thoroughly competent professional. So that in the section around Lowell she never met an engaged nurse and when she came from north, east and west, wherever the services of a nurse were needed.

There was one love affair in her life. This was when she was 18. But her lover himself ended the courtship. It was after this that the young woman decided down seriously to the practice of her profession.

It was in 1891 that this latter-day Borgia began her criminal course. She had attended a Mrs. Brigham at Cataumet, and the patient died within a few days. Wonderful, indeed, is Miss Toppan's own statement that in the many cases

where she had murdered people while nursing them, never had any suspicion been aroused against her by the doctor who attended her various victims. On the contrary, the doctors had always praised her for efficiency and faithfulness. They also employed her in other cases as a specially desirable sort of nurse.

Her methods, she explained, were usually uniform. She would dissolve tablets of morphine and atropine in mineral water and sometimes administer the poison by injection. She said she selected these drugs on account of the small chance they gave of exposure.

A case of mental degeneracy, say the alienists. Because Miss Toppan throws certain light upon her mental condition when she makes certain admissions.

She had, through her long association with the sick chamber, acquired a familiarity which gave her a certain contempt for death. She had at times, when attending a patient, been accustomed to peculiar sensations. These would come in the character of seizures, rendering her incapable of resisting them.

They impelled her, in spite of herself, to reveal in the mere watching of the working of poison upon the patient. Seemingly then was a sort of epilepsy and Mr. Hyde phenomena that distinguished her for its own, and after awhile—after the harm had been done by her obedience to the promptings of the wicked half of her mentality, she would be dominated by the better half. Not always, when she was in a sane state, would she appear, when she will would be strong enough to impel her to try to undo the effect of her evil work.

To this there were exceptions. There would be instances where remorse followed upon the return of her better impulses, when she would experience a mastering desire to have the fatal recipient receive the aid necessary to save him. Aid would be called in, she would work enthusiastically herself, but too often it happened that her change of heart came too late.

Such a case, according to the medical view, are evidence of homicidal mania, a development of progressive degeneracy, the beginnings of which may be traced far back to her early years.

But again this enigma of a woman presents further baffling phases of character. When the medical view of her being "insane," she argued that she knew what she was doing at the time she had poisoned people and clearly remembered every detail of her actions, and had performed the same in an orderly and systematic manner as she performed any of the routine actions of her life. She also knew that at the time she was committing a crime.

Remorse, the traditional scourge of the murderer, this modern Borgia declares herself impervious to. As she admits she has no rich and cherished friends, Mr. and Mrs. Alden P. Davis, and for their fate at her hand she says she can conjure up no regret of sorrow. This lack of regret, says the alienists, affords proof of her mental aberration.

Her murderous impulses, she says, were not forewarned to her. She never had any premonition of them. They seem to have been as sudden and as uncontrollable as those marvelous manifestations which transformed Dr. Jehu into Mr. Hyde.

This strange woman confesses to other terrible impulses besides those which caused her to kill without a qualm those who were dearest to her. She had also a desire at times to set on fire the houses where her victims lived. She says she the author of several hitless mysterious fires which broke out at places where she nursed.

Strangest, perhaps, of all is that phase of this woman's life which is concerned with her essays at suicide. Twice last fall she tried self-destruction at Lowell. One more proof, say the alienists, of her being a victim of homicidal mania.

And now, when at last her career in the world has closed and there stretches before her a dreary vista of prison walls, behind which she must pass a long, living death among maniacs who, unlike her, have the advantage of reasonless minds, this unparalleled product of the 20th century exclaims in gloom: "The only happy days I have known have been those which I have passed in this prison."

THOMAS DONNELLY.
Staying with God. As there were guests for dinner that evening and a storm was raging, Miss Dorothy, aged 4, objected to being left alone upstairs in the nursery. She finally succumbed, however, to the tempting bribe of all that could "do stunts," and all went well for the time being. But a vicious clap of thunder proved too much for Dorothy's endurance, and she bounded into the dining room in terror. Her mother, taking her gently aside, explained that there was nothing to fear, since God was with her in the nursery, and she should put her faith in Him. Dorothy went upstairs again, but a few minutes later the house was again shaken by a volley of heavenly musketry. The panic-stricken child reappeared, and ran up to her mother's chair. With a tremble in her voice she pleaded: "You said with God a little while." They both stayed down.

The Chinese are commonly supposed to be peace-loving and harmless. The Zeitschrift für Missionskunde, however, declares that China is the greatest warlike nation in Asia, and that they are in warfare worse than the Huns.

An Atlanta Ga. man has recently patented a searchlight for locomotives which promises to be valuable. It will throw a light 500 feet or more into the air, and is intended for the purpose of signaling. The light is placed in the top of the ordinary headlight of the locomotive, and the beam is thrown upward at an angle of about 45 degrees. Through a system of prearranged codes, it will be possible for locomotive engineers to communicate with each other when they are a considerable distance apart.

Michigan produces as much salt as any state in the Union, and yet the average Michiganian is pretty fresh.

Mrs. Preston B. Plumb, widow of the late senator from Kansas, has given to the city of Emporia a site worth \$5,000 free for the \$20,000 Carnegie library. The council has accepted, but Mayor Morse threatens to veto the acceptance.

Herr Goldberger, the German commercial jury counselor, who spent about eight months in the United States, returning in June, will soon be in the national headquarters of articles on American economic affairs under the title of "The Land and Unlimited Possibilities."

GREATEST OF OUR GLACIERS.



One hears a good deal about the glaciers of Alaska, and it is satisfactory to know that Uncle Sam possesses a few important ice rivers of his own. But few people are aware that there are in Montana some of the finest glaciers in

the world—even rivaling those of the Alps. There was photographed one of these glaciers in the neighborhood of Lake McDonald, Mont. One gets a vivid notion of its thickness from the immense

crevasses which yawns in the foreground. A slight misstep on the part of one of the men above and he would be lost forever in the mighty gulf below. One grain of fine gold can be made into a wire 557 feet in length.

CHAIR OBEYS HIM.

In Berlin a singular optical illusion recently attracted much attention. A magician hypnotized a woman and seated her in a chair, whereupon he announced that by simply waving his hand he would make the chair follow him wherever he pleased.

He began by lowering his hand until it was within a foot or two of the ground, and, sure enough, the chair



leaned backward so far that everyone in the room expected to see the woman topple out of it. In this uncomfortable position the magician allowed her to remain for a few minutes, and then he slowly raised his hand, and the chair gradually rose and continued to rise until it was once more firmly planted on its four legs.

The first thought of those in the audience was that what they had seen had really happened.

HARD ON STUDENTS.

Young Poles who happen to be German subjects are not at present much to be envied. According to the Franka, a Posen newspaper, which, by the way, continues to appear regularly, though all its editors are imprisoned in Prussian fortresses, all teachers in Polish schools are compelled by law to imprison for eight hours each week those among their pupils who refuse to answer questions in German.

That refractory pupils will be imprisoned is plainly announced in the schedule of each school, which shows the work that must be done during the week. Thus the schedule for Thursday afternoon reads as follows: Two to 3, catechism; 3 to 4, prison; 4 to 5, prison. And that for Saturday morning reads: Seven to 8, arithmetic; 8 to 9, German; 9 to 10, natural science; 10 to 11, prison; 11 to 12, prison.

ORDEAL FOR DIPLOMATS.

Foreign ambassadors in China are required to go through a difficult ordeal, as the following incident shows: Young Lu, a cabinet minister, recently invited the foreign representatives at Peking to a dinner, which began at 10 o'clock in the morning and did not end until 3 o'clock on the following morning.

During that time 126 different dishes were placed before the guests. Two As diners of this kind are not rare," says one of the foreign representatives, "it is evident that no one should go as an ambassador to China who has not a good stomach."

GAMBLER WITH DEATH.

Some British soldiers were recently attacked with fever in the Transvaal and were removed to a hospital. After a few days they began to recover, and, finding time hanging heavy on their hands, they resolved to gamble and formed what they called the "temperature pool."

New patients were arriving daily, and the physicians took the temperature of all the invalids every morning. When this was done the temperature was written on a piece of cardboard, which was fastened at the head of each bed. It was agreed that each soldier should put a shilling into the pool every day and that the entire amount should go to the patient who had the highest temperature on that day.

It frequently happened that the patient who received all the money in the pool died a few hours afterward, the elevation of his temperature indicating that his malady had become more serious, but this did not prevent the survivors from continuing to play their uncanny game until the very day when they left the hospital.

WEIRD INDIAN MASK.

Many of the Africans who live in the Cameroon district are wont to wear on festive occasions peculiar masks of wood which were primarily intended to be worn whenever the tribe assembled for the purpose of taking part in the great national dance.

In fashioning the masks, the utmost care is taken to make them as lifelike as possible and as a result the distinctive characteristics of the tribe, notably the



thick lips, the heavy eyebrows and the bushy hair, are prominent features of all of them.

Ethnologists have for some time been trying to ascertain the origin of this singular custom, but their researches have not as yet proved very successful. It seems certain, however, that in Africa masks have a religious significance and are in some way connected with ancestor worship and with the popular belief in spirits.

The home of Calvin Hayes at East Nassau, N. Y., was struck by lightning recently. Fred J. Hayes was standing outside the house at the time, and the bolt tore his clothing off without injuring him. The house was burned to the ground.

CHAPEL ON A BRIDGE.



Unique is the bridge over the Ouse at St. Ives, in Huntingdonshire, in that it is surmounted by an ancient building now inhabited as a dwelling, but probably originally intended for a chapel pier and is in an uncommonly fine state of repair, the upper part only

having been restored after having suffered the effects of fire in 1689. It is traditionally said to have been also used as a lighthouse to guide persons navigating the river at this point. In the nearby estate of Slepe, Hall or Cromwell Place, at one time resided

HELPS CHILDREN WALK.

Primitive and rather barbarous is the device which has been used for a long time in Brittany and other French provinces for the purpose of teaching children to walk.

It is constructed of wood, and it moves whenever the child moves. The infant is strapped to it as soon as it is 9 months old, and spends some hours of every day in this uncomfortable position.

That children who take exercise of this kind learn to walk more readily than others is very probable, but it is



certain that a large number of them become bow-legged, and that some even become crippled.

Statistics which have been compiled furnish convincing data on these points. Fortunately, local physicians are now trying hard to introduce into their districts more humane methods of rearing children, and it is unlikely that this instrument of torture will remain much longer in use.

QUEEN AN ADMIRAL.

Only one woman is an admiral in the Russian navy, Queen Olga of Greece. This distinction was conferred on her by Czar Alexander III. on account of her knowledge of nautical affairs and of her interest in Russian seamen.

In this respect she excels her husband, King George, for, although he served for some time in the British navy, he never attained a high rank.

Not much danger of being struck by lightning, yet it kills an average of 226 persons every year in this country.

Crows never complain without cause. That's where they are sensible.

SEE A COUNTRY.

Spain the fish don't bite at first. What do you go to do? Chuck down your pole. Oh, you bait. An' say you're fishin' there? By course you ain't; you're goin' to fish. Until you've ketcher your basket full, An' used up all your bait. S'pose success don't come at first. What do you go to do? Throw up the sponge and kick yourself. An' goin' to feelin' blue? Oh course you ain't; you've got to fish. An' bait, an' bait, an' bait. Bimby Success will bite your hook. And you will pull him in. —Houston Post.

As Told at Martin's.

BY BEATRIZ BELLIDO DE LUNA.
(Copyright, 1901, by Authors' Syndicate.)

HE was warm, and the drink refreshing to our throats. We were passed noiselessly to and fro, bearing trays laden with tall glasses, the electric fans overhead buzzed with a giddy whirr, and there was a dancer on the stage who was good to look upon. Altogether, Martin's was a much more pleasant place to be than in the sultry atmosphere outside.

"That girl," said Brown, slowly, eyeing the dancer through curling clouds of smoke, as she snapped her castanets, and twisted her lithe figure in the rhythmic measures of a Spanish air, "reminds me of a woman I knew in Cuba."

"Is it a story, Brown?" questioned Lester.

"Well, rather," our friend replied, emphatically. "Like to hear it?" We assented eagerly for Brown's stories were usually worth listening to. "As I said before," he began, "it was in Cuba. I was there for the paper, just before the Spanish-American war broke out, and I saw the conflict through. Most of the time, after hostilities were declared, I was all over the island, where the fighting was, but at first I was quartered at Havana, and it was there that I knew Antonia.

"She had come from Paris and was dancing at the Taton theater. The city was mad over her, after the fashion of the Latin race, and, in fact, she made even my phlegmatic Anglo-Saxon friends quicker than was its wont. She was such a beauty, though I have never seen such eyes before. Antonia had a small wicked face, was slender almost to thinness, and not very tall. But to see her dance! I am sure no one has equalled her. Every motion was daring, poetical, and possessed the very essence of grace. She was absolutely mistress of her art, and of her audiences.

"I don't know what she was, but mostly Spanish blood, although some said she had a strain of French—some said Arabian, and some even hinted at the African, but whatever her nationality her magnetism was marvelous. "The gallants flew wildly at her feet. She was looked upon with horror by the church, although it was said—but never mind that. She tantalized her lovers, laughed at them, jilted them, yet chained them to her. Among her most constant admirers was General Ruiz, of the Spanish army. He seemed to be more fond of her than the others, but was insanely jealous, in fact bereft of all reason.

"Political matters were very much strained—feeling between Spaniards and the Cubans had reached its highest pitch. Not a day passed without a duel, or a quarrel, or an arrest. Yet in spite of a general order of arrest, Ruiz, in a crowded house, and the pleasant evening, although honey-combed by plots and intrigues, forgot, for the moment, all save the moment's enjoyment.

"The man most dreaded by the Spaniards was one Juan Sanchez, an insurgent leader. He was the son of a wealthy planter who had figured prominently in a former outbreak, and had been exiled to Genta, Spain's penal colony in Africa. The son, growing to manhood and finding himself an outcast, embraced the rebel cause and had made himself troublesome. He had engaged his services from neighboring provinces, and lived in the mountains, evading every effort of the government to capture him.

"I do not know how it came about, but Ruiz evinced the idea of effecting his capture through Antonia. The general possessed a diamond of enormous value, a family jewel, and this he promised to the woman if she would lure the outlaw to her house. Antonia had long coveted the stone, and had tried every one of her wiles to obtain it, so it can be understood that she readily promised to attempt the task.

"It might be thought that this was a most difficult undertaking, but Ruiz had his wiles, and Antonia, an Antonia, was a woman of no ordinary caliber. Sanchez was in the city on a secret mission, he was taken to the theater, by one of his own friends, to see Antonia dance; was introduced to her after the performance, and, like all the others, fell under her spell. To a man of his character no gift was so precious as possible. [She dismissed the other of her admirers, and rumor soon spread that Sanchez rode in every night and openly visited her at her house.

"This was what Ruiz was waiting for, and one evening the place was surrounded by the army, and Ruiz was taken prisoner. He was, of course, sentenced to be shot. "Antonia, apparently, thought of no more of the matter. She appeared at the theater on the following evening, and had never been more charming. The story of her share in the rebel's capture got about, and she was cheered whenever she appeared by the loyalists. Ruiz was most infuriated that she should be so successful, and was more than helpless in her hands.

"The day that Sanchez was to be executed Antonia demanded of Ruiz that he should gain permission for her to see her former lover alone. It was not long before what exactly she gave for such a seemingly strange request, but, at any rate, it was granted her. What took place at the interview was never disclosed. Immediately after it was over Sanchez was marched into the court-yard, placed with his face to the wall and shot to death. He met his fate with gallant indifference.

"Antonia watched him die, from one of the windows, without a sign of emotion, save a narrowing of the eyelids and a slight compression of the lips. She danced that night, but cancelled her engagement for the following week, saying she was going to leave the city for a visit.

"A few days later I happened to be in one of the shabbiest parts of town, and there met a woman whose resemblance to the dancer was so striking that I turned and looked after her as she passed by. She went into a respectable looking hotel and, as I loitered near, hoping to solve the mystery, she came out again, and walked swiftly by me. This time I was convinced that it was Antonia. Much puzzled at her

"The salar was crowded with a brilliant company of guests, including a young woman, and the handsome Spanish officers in their showy uniforms, mingled with the more sober dress of our coun-

try, gave a most picturesque effect to the scene. It was nearly midnight when the dancer arrived. She had driven directly from the theater, and was seated in a most magnificent chair, with a shimmering glittering robe, the Rubi diamond! As she came into the ballroom, she was greeted with bravos and was showered with flowers. She paused a moment on the threshold, and responded with a faint, half-mocking smile. Then, slowly raising her arms, she stepped forward with a stately, courtly air, struck up with the passionate music of El Sol, and the guests drew away from the center of the room, leaving her standing in a blaze of color and jewels—allegre on the polished floor.

"I will not attempt to describe the dance. We watched her with deep interest, and the manner in which she whirled herself from the lazy languor of the beginning to the mad abandon at the end. Ruiz, unable to contain his emotions, caught up a flower that had dropped from her hair, and, unmindful of observers, kissed it. She saw the action and with a sidelong glance took the scarlet gem from her waist, and still dancing, threw it over his neck. Something gleamed in her hand, and some instinct warned me of mischief. I stepped to Ruiz's side. Antonia stretched out her hand, and held me back, and if ever I saw the devil's work, that was it. I saw it shining than between her half-closed lips.

"Adios, companeros," she said in clear, ringing tones, "I go to wait for you in hell."

"With a swift motion she buried the dagger, which had been concealed in the folds of her dress, and the last strains of the music died away as she fell appearance in such a place. I followed her, but soon she disappeared down a narrow side street, and being unfamiliar with that part of the town, I lost track of her.

"Next day I was called away from the city, and it was not until I found the social world in a state of expectation over a grand reception to be given by General Ruiz in honor of some of the American officers. The chief attraction was the announcement that Antonia had been engaged to dance for the entertainment of the guests at a dinner given to accord my invitation, as the woman possessed a great attraction for me. I was present at the reception. To the floor, the wicked smile frozen on her mouth.

"Three weeks later, General Ruiz and every one of his subordinate officers died. The first victim was General Ruiz. Antonia had searched until she had found a case, as we afterward discovered—had exposed Sanchez's sword belt to the infection, and thus carried the infection to Ruiz, gaining a vengeance which few brains could have evolved. She had loved the man whose life she had sold for a jewel. "Why did she take her life?" questioned Lester.

"That," answered Brown, "was a phase of her character which I found had to understand, though I believe that she preferred death to the loss of her charms, and knew that she surely met her end. To me the most wonderful thing about her was that she could love so intensely, and never by word or sign betray herself, even when she saw his die, and knew that she was responsible for his death. That is something I have never seen in any other woman, and gave me a new idea of what it could be to move empires, had it not spent all its energy on one man."

GREAT SCHEME DIED WITH HIM.

The Ship Railway Project at Tehuantepec.

Denver Times: "But for the death of Eads, the great engineer, who planned and was in process of executing at the time of his sudden demise his wonderful ship railway project at the isthmus of Tehuantepec, in Mexico, there would have been no Panama canal," said C. H. Merrill, a mining engineer, as the American engineer returned from that part of Mexico. "It was Eads' scheme to have vessels navigate the river Cordova as far as possible and then by means of a dry dock of his own invention have them picked up and taken on railway carriages across the isthmus of Salina Cruz, and then by water again into the Pacific. It was a very feasible scheme, but the sudden death of the engineer precluded the possibility of carrying it on for he had intentions that would have been applied to the enterprise that he did not explain to any one and thus the chain was broken. The scheme was abandoned by the people down there at the greatest man in his line who ever lived. He built the famous Mississippi jetties at New Orleans, which stand today as a monument to his great brain and pluck. There are thousands of Americans now profitably engaged on the sugar, coffee, and banana plantations of the Mexican isthmus, which, you know, is a tropical country, and one of the most fertile on earth. All of them are doing well. I never saw such prosperity anywhere. The nearest large city is Minatitlan, where the marketing is done. The greatest railway enterprise now under way down there is what is called the Mexico line. It runs from Cordova to Tehuantepec, a distance of 1,000 miles, and almost spans the isthmus. I am doing some mining farther north and am here to look after my mines at Twin Lakes in Lake country. I will be here about two weeks, but will return to Mexico, and I am convinced that there is a place to get what we are all after. We are doing very well at Twin Lakes, however, and are spending some money over there. It looks good; so does Colorado generally."

Always as Young as You Feel. People grow old by thinking themselves old. If they reach the age of 40, 50, or 60, they imagine that they look like others on the same age, and that they soon will be useless, unfit for work, and unable to perform their wonted duties. As surely as they think this, it will come true, for thought is treacherous. It is the only enemy we have. Job. "The thing which I greatly feared is come upon me."

"The time will come when children will not be allowed to celebrate their birthdays; when they will, know that, by thinking themselves young, they will remain young, and that they will cease to grow old. It is the only way to believe in old age. The body is built up of beliefs, and our convictions are stamped upon every fiber of our beings. What we believe, what we think, that we are; so people who remain young in spirit never grow old.

Wrote one of a hundred students of whom the writer was once under Oliver Wendell Holmes at Harvard. Oliver thought of him as an old man, although he had then passed his eightieth birthday. His spirit was so young, and he was so buoyant, so fresh and full of life, that he was always thought of him as one of our young men. His vitality and joyousness were contagious. You could not be in his presence five minutes without feeling brighter and better for it. The genial doctor never practiced medicine, yet he did more to relieve human suffering than many practicing physicians. His presence was a blessing, it was a perpetual delight to be near him.

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Author "A Slave of Circumstances," "A Barren in Souls," "The Black Ball," "The Jewel City," "A Woman's Will," "The World's Mercy," "The Scarlet Cypher," "The Secret of the Marstonettes," etc.

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CHAPTER VI

"By the way," said Hendricks, after a moment's pause, in which each man covertly regarded the other, "where is your daughter now?"

"Oh! what's that?" The question seemed to surprise the banker. Hendricks frowned and his red fingers beat a tattoo on the arm of the chair, while he looked the other firmly in the face.

"As the guardian, or rather trustee, of the affairs of her father, Martin Frale, it is not strange that I should like to see the young lady."

"But, surely, you are not—"

"No, I am not going to tell her that her father was driven to crime in an effort to save her mother's life. But if Frale is living it would be a comfort to him if I might carry him the good news of her welfare. You know that even a man who has been years in prison has not lost all fatherly feeling."

"Well, but Martin Frale is dead."

"Granting that he is. It might be that I was instructed to see her, and, being a man of my word, would naturally wish to carry out the agreement."

Ellison was silent. During an experience not brief with men he had never met with such a human enigma. Who was this man? He was not a man of the law, and was amiable and might be easily managed if treated with kindness and consideration.

"Then you promise that if I tell you where the daughter is—he did not do the thing to save my daughter, but in face of the facts presented, you will be silent respecting her origin?"

"I am listening."

"Can I trust you?"

"For a moment the face of Hendricks relaxed and he smiled.

"It seems to me that just now we have reached a point where we must choose between the one who will safeguard the other. You need, however, have no fear that she will ever learn whose daughter she really is. I know that you can mean no harm, and that she is safe. But I should like to see her for reasons of my own. I wish to see her."

"Very well. After the terrible affair of the other night, I thought it best to have her removed to the home of her old nurse."

"And where might that be?" and the question came as if Hendricks was dealing in court with a recalcitrant witness.

"The nurse is housekeeper for the one lawyer that this town affords, named Jared Henslow."

"Henslow?" the other repeated, rubbing his forehead.

"What you know him?"

"How should I know him? But the name is familiar. I once knew a man of that name."

"Well, she is there."

Hendricks rose and stood for a moment looking down on the floor with a strange expression on his face.

"For this last information I thank you. As the friend of Martin Frale, of course, I have no doubt that she has led a happy life all these years."

"She has been brought up as the daughter of a rich man should be," replied Ellison, theatrically. Then, remembering that he was not addressing an ordinary visitor, he continued: "I am quite sure that Martin Frale was living he would not have allowed her having trusted his daughter to my care. What, after all, does it matter if some trickery were used in the matter to retain the fortune in the family, instead of allowing it to be scattered among a dozen perhaps worthless relatives of my friend Martin Frale's daughter? She must have gone to the orphanage as a child and never known what happiness meant but for this strange circumstance in her life. She has been carefully reared, has enjoyed everything that money could purchase. Could she have any doubts, she would regard her differently off. Would she attempt to drag her down to his own level again? Would he take her from the luxury in which she has been bred to a different life—one of possible misery?"

"As the spokesman of Martin Frale, I believe that he would do nothing of the kind. He would have her brought to her father with the hand of shame upon him—the father she never knew. She would not be a woman to care to change her lot for the sake of carrying possible comfort to the declining years of an old man."

Job Hendricks at this juncture seemed to be particularly interested in a picture on the library walls, for he turned his back on his companion and said, after a pause: "Ah, you are well provided here. I should like to feel that I was going to be so comfortably lodged for the rest of my life."

"You are not in very prosperous circumstances, then, Hendricks?" ventured Ellison, who thought he saw the way now to offer a bribe which his guest had rejected with such scorn a short time before.

Joe Hendricks turned about and plumped down in a chair again.

"I dare say I am as prosperous as I deserve," he said. "My wants are few and I am getting on in years. A man doesn't need much when he has reached my age."

"There are some comforts that might make life easier."

"I know what you are thinking about, but oblige me by not approaching the subject again."

The banker was silent.

"Well, me," said Hendricks, after a pause, "I have no doubt that you would plump to the fact that some other person must have committed the crime, rather than young Barnett?"

"Nothing as yet," replied Ellison, as if weary of the subject. "Of course, as I told you, I am interested in setting the young man free, and in getting the opportunity I send to New York to bring down an expert detective to take charge of the case. The police are doing something, of course, but I thought I might do a little independently."

"And what is the result?"

"Nothing as yet. The only arrival yesterday afternoon, you see, was about the time since in interrogating the servants."

"Well, I should not wonder if I took a hand in the matter myself if all else failed."

"What, you?"

"Yes, why not?" replied Hendricks, calmly. "I am interested in it, I tell you, and this young man's affairs and how to get him free. Sometimes you know an amateur is able to do more than the argus-eyed professional, for he brings originality and fresh ideas to bear on the subject. These moss-covered bureaus are good for nothing in the same old year."

"Then you have engaged in such business before?" and Ellison, who had never ceased to wonder what manner of man he had to deal with, cast a searching look at his companion.

"Perhaps," said Hendricks, smiling. "You should you want to know so much about a poor stranger, if Martin Frale was standing before you I suppose you could sift him heart and soul in a moment."

"I don't see why you keep referring to that unfortunate man," said Ellison with a grimace. "Let the past bury her dead. You are a conscientious and a miserable fellow who is well out of the way. He did one good thing and that was to trust his daughter to my care, for which he received a good sum in return. You may be a friend of his, and so naturally refer to him now and then, but you will oblige me by not mentioning him again."

"Certainly," in a low voice, "and yet you ought to have a certain feeling for him since you have adopted one of his blood."

"Time has changed all that. She would never be taken after all these years as culture as one of the wolf's breed."

"You are disposed to be complimentary. You might speak well of a man whom you were once not afraid to acknowledge as a friend," said Hendricks. "If we both started in the mire, and I was the one who helped you out, is there any reason why I should not have a longing to forget the past and everything connected with it?"

"A noble, a commendable desire," replied the other. "I will wish you good day and he moved to the door. "I thank you very much for the help. Barnett—I know you will, and before the other could frame an answer he had opened the door and gone out."

Ellison sat watching the door in a dazed sort of condition, as if he half expected him to appear again, but Hendricks did not appear. Then, after a moment's hesitation, he rushed out into the hall, crossed it and passing through a narrow passage and then a dressing room reached the windows that opened on the park in front of the house.

He saw Hendricks pass through the front door and walk well as he lay all down the main avenue that led to the gates. Not once did he stop to look back at the house that he had just left.

Ellison, who was watching, saw him disappear beyond the lodgekeeper's gate and returned to the library, shaking his head and muttering to himself:

"As he entered the room he started back in dismay at the sight of a strange man in tattered clothes who was seated at the desk he had just left, and was puffing on a cigar that he had evidently snatched from one of the drawers out."

James Ellison slammed the door behind him with an angry gesture, which did not in the least seem to disconcert the shabby individual with the cigar.

"I wish you wouldn't make such a noise, Jimmy," remarked the latter as he blew a smoke wreath into the air.

"I'm sorry," said Ellison, as he stepped forward and pushed him into a sitting position, his every gesture betraying the anger he felt.

The shabby man shook off the grasp, made a pretense to brush his dirty sleeve, and, looking up calmly as he drew a long puff on his cigar, said with an air of blasé weariness:

"I wish, my dear fellow, you wouldn't be so rude when you meet a man. Really, I expected kinder treatment from one I have learned so long to love."

Ellison uttered an oath, turned away, walked up and down the room several times, and then returned to the desk, the ragged individual, who was inspecting his cigar with a critical interest, said:

"Could you not tell, you fool, when I warned you from the window that you were not to be seen around here?"

The other waited till he had shaken the ashes from his pipe and then replied in a very mild voice:

"Dear brother, you are getting to speak very harsh in your old age. Why should I be warned off the premises by a wave of the hand, as if I was under a commanding officer?"

"You will do what I tell you," cried James Ellison, "did not even know that you were in my neighborhood. Now, if you want money, you shall have it," and as he spoke he drew a roll of bills out of his pocket.

The other laughed hoarsely and waved him aside. "Later will do. What are you so worried about, anyway? Have I asked for anything yet?"

"No, not yet, but I thought I would forestall you. Now, oblige me by keeping out of sight for a time. I have troubles enough of my own, as you must know if you have been in the neighborhood for many days."

"Well, you shall have it."

"You are ready to agree to anything. My man, you seem to be in a peck of trouble," as he noticed that his brother was pacing up and down the room.

James Ellison came over and laid his hand on the other's shoulder.

"Trouble enough, I have reason to believe that Frale is still living. He was here but an hour ago, or one who resembles him."

The brother sank back in his chair and uttered a long-drawn whistle, as

he came away his cigar.

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THE TREE DOCTOR

Several Cities Add a Dendrologist to Their Official Corps.

Brooklyn Eagle: Doctor of trees is the latest official addition to the municipal corps of large cities. Boston has engaged a tree doctor to feed the plants of the city on Boston Common. Chicago has a consultant to help Jackson Park lawyer from its attack of the trees' fair. New York added one to its official roster when the rapid transit subway was likely to interfere with the boulevard trees, and Brooklyn is considering the advisability of offering a permanent position to a tree doctor "competent to look after the health of the trees in Prospect Park."

Most of the interest in city trees is directly due to the growing fashion for country houses and estates. City men have learned to recognize good trees when they are in season and to observe them closely enough to detect promptly any sign of approaching decay. Landscape architects who used to be scarce, are now plentiful and able, and they have succeeded in educating such a public that the neglect of the municipal trees of a city shows symptoms of municipal neglect of ill treatment. Indeed, since the days of Secretary of Agriculture Morton, who established "Arbor Day," there has been a regular day of education in favor of city trees. The object of this work has been the creation of the "tree doctor."

The "tree doctor" is not necessarily a practical landscape architect or gardener, though he very often stands high in the profession. More than half of the tree doctors in this country are actually men who were interested in the subject and took it up as an amusement. At that time, there were few facilities for the acquisition of the science of arboriculture, and it has not been hard for intending doctors of trees to gather knowledge of the best methods of arboriculture.

AN IRISH SHOWER BATH

Experience of a Lady Visitor to a Little Seaside Town.

T. P. O'Connor in London M. A. P.: I recently heard a good story in the west of Ireland. It concerns the rising tide of the sea in Lahinch, a place which has become famous for its hot springs. A few years ago the public baths, like most other institutions in the village, were very primitive. They were situated in a little cottage, which was just above the high-water mark. Shower-baths were a specialty, and they were to be had in a room which had a bathtub placed in the middle of the floor. On pulling a string a perfect deluge of bracing sea water came through the ceiling.

A lady visitor once stood ready in the tub and gave the dread signal. But instead of the usual splash of green water the tub overflowed with the green voice of the fisherman-proprietor of the baths. "If ye'll move a taste more to the west, ma'am," said the voice, "ye'll get the full benefit of the shower."

Looking up, she, to her horror, described the old fisherman standing by an aperture in the wall, holding a barrel of sea water ready for the touch. Whether the lady moved to the west and received the shower or not, the chronicler does not relate. But Lahinch has made giant strides since.

Too Smart for His Papa

The 12-year-old son of a Topeka (Kan.) fond parent recently became the proud possessor of some guinea pigs. A day or two after they were safely corralled in a cage he went about bragging of his new acquisition among his playmates. Now, it seems, these youngsters knew of a "sell" in which guinea pigs play a prominent part. "Well, you shall have it," said Ellison, "did not even know that you were in my neighborhood. Now, if you want money, you shall have it," and as he spoke he drew a roll of bills out of his pocket.

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Washington Star: "It is true that men of genius do not know the value of money." "I'm afraid it is," answered Mr. Stormington Barnes. "Most men of genius see so little of it that they never have a chance to form any definite ideas on the subject."

Somerville Journal: It troubles the amateur photographer to take a lovely picture of his best girl reclining gracefully in a hammock, and then find that the camera also took in the family washing hung on the clothesline in the backyard.

The late Mr. Fitzsimmons thinks he has one more fight in him. He wants to interview a reporter who started a fake story about him. Evidently Bob wants to go against the real thing this once.

Chicago News: Female Lawyer—How old are you? Female Witness—You know as well as I do that I'm just a week younger than you are, but if necessary—Female Lawyer (hastily)—Never mind; it isn't necessary.

Philadelphia Press: "I'm surprised," said Psyche, "that you don't lay aside your old bow and arrows for a modern rifle." "Impossible," replied Cupid. "Most of my work is at the seashore resorts, and a good deal of my shooting is done in the water."

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Baltimore American: "You're singing," said the manager, "reminds me of that of a moquette." "Sir!" exclaimed the prima donna. "What do you mean?" "Oh, no offense, no offense. I merely meant that when I heard your voice I had to look out for the immediate presentation of the bill."

Chicago Tribune: "You're an astronomer, are you?" "Yes," "Shake! I'm a theatrical manager. I wonder if you have as hard a time finding new stars as I have."

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Uncle Jean's Uncle. Among the fears in his mind was not the fear that his uncle was a criminal, only the fear lest circumstances seem to make him so. As he neared his house, he saw slowly coming up the street a French Canadian, and he knew that it was his own carriage. The horse wheel broken in two, the horse with harness twisted awry. Like a flash it came over him. Uncle Jean had gone for a morning drive. There had been a run-away and he had been injured. His assistant might have constructed a conspiracy with the robbery. He must be gotten home before anyone discovered his absence.

As LeVerrier hastened down the road, he never once cast a glance behind him to see a little, thin man who trotted as he trotted, walked as he walked, and ran as he ran. The little man was traversed before he arrived at the scene of the accident. On the right side of the earthen embankment that formed the approach to the bridge over the Blue River, were the marks where the carriage had slipped, together with the broken harness and the mangled remains of the horse. The little man was traversed before he arrived at the scene of the accident. On the right side of the earthen embankment that formed the approach to the bridge over the Blue River, were the marks where the carriage had slipped, together with the broken harness and the mangled remains of the horse.

"Uncle Jean," he called. Instantly the groans ceased. The young fellow rode to the bank of a little down stream and stripping, plunged in and swam away.

"Uncle Jean," called LeVerrier. Still there was no answer and now the distance from the swimmer to the horse was greater than the distance from the horse to the bridge. There was a splash, a kerfing, and there was Uncle Jean in the river, trying to draw himself on an account of the water was in. With a swift leap down the bank, LeVerrier was in the water and after him, while a voice from the road shouted: "Catch him before he gets to the horse, or he'll escape."

"Uncle Jean was no swimmer compared to LeVerrier, and the latter seized him and dragged him ashore. In spite of a strenuous resistance, and presently carried him up the bank, for one leg, terribly sprained, sent under the uncle as he essayed to walk. A little, thin man scrambled down to them and Jean, resting his head on his hands, while LeVerrier looked on, too much surprised to speak.

"You have won \$1,500 by capturing this man," said the detective. "He is Verbeekmoe, the Belgian forger and thief, wanted in three countries. Belgium has a price of \$1,000 on him and the railroad offers \$500."

So this is the way the rich uncle turned out. The real uncle never answered LeVerrier's letter, but the \$1,500 and the \$100 he got helping four others capture Kenney was accepted by Mortenson as a satisfactory first payment, and LeVerrier led Olga to the altar.

BEST WOMAN IN THE WORLD.

New Anecdotes on Secretary Shaw Has Made Its Appearance.

A new Shaw anecdote has made its appearance. It is published in this week's issue of the Saturday Evening Post, and reads as follows:

"Secretary Leslie M. Shaw, the new head of the treasury department, is intensely devoted to his wife and family. In all his private life, he has never had those who have had an opportunity to observe closely his relations of a more personal nature. The spirit of companionship between the secretary and Mrs. Shaw is quite delightful, and it is safe to say that the following story cannot be duplicated in public life in Washington."

"Shortly after his election as governor of Iowa, and while Mrs. Shaw was still at the family home in Denton, the governor one day scrawled this address on an envelope containing a long letter which he had just written to his wife:

"To the Best Woman in the World, 'Denison, Iowa.'"

"All there was to indicate the origin of the communication were the words, 'Executive Office, State of Iowa,' up in one corner of the envelope, but Mrs. Shaw got the letter at the time, and the postmaster at Denison smiled as he tossed the bulky package into the Shaw box. He did not hesitate for a minute, for Mrs. Shaw had lived in the town for a score of years and had never made an enemy. The postmaster knew her letter, and he was sure that the postmaster's kindness of heart and consistent wish to do good to those about her.

"Thereafter many a similarly indorsed missive caused a smile to light the faces of the railway mail clerks and the postmaster, but the letters never reached their destination. Letters, papers, books and almost everything mailable in various styles and manners of chirography, without a single thing to indicate the origin of the package or the identity of the sender."

"Mrs. Shaw frequently offered to waver with his friends that any of them could address any mailable package as he had done and it would be delivered without delay and without any preliminary investigation. His waver was never accepted, for his friends knew that the letter never delivered in Iowa more promptly reached its destination than the ones sent to 'The Best Woman in the World, Denison, Iowa.'"

"When he dies, the false expectations are that he die. The French of Canada live long. My great-grandfather died at 102, my grandfather at 103, therefore my uncle will live to be 104, shall write and ask him to give me \$2,000 now and the rest of the money to the church when he dies. But whether he will do it, I cannot say. I have never even seen him. As a stroke of policy I will invite him to visit me, but he will never come way out here."

"Two weeks passed and the rich uncle was not heard from. The Governor gave up the matter to raise a bonus for the lumber yard purchaser, and during its progress a pumpkin was hurled through a window, an act attributed to LeVerrier by some, but more generally, and as it appeared, correctly, to Scharaschewsky. At the beginning of the third week LeVerrier came out on the postoffice, when he ran full tilt into a stranger, who muttered his annoyance in the French language. Eagerly, timidly, LeVerrier scanned the middle-aged man before him. It must be, it must be his uncle. What other Frenchman would be in Blue River, and at this time, too?"

"The little rascal got me that time," he remarked to a friend.

"But I don't see the point," said the friend.

"Don't you?"

"No."

"Well, guinea pigs have no tails!"

Thrifty Foreigners.

Nothing more beautifully illustrates the small thrift of foreigners than the mails. For instance: While we write for transmission abroad over 75,000,000 letters a year, we receive only 50,000,000. While of unpaid and short-paid letters we send 1,359,752, the foreigners afflict us with 2,155,552, on which we are obliged to pay postage. While we send abroad 49,157 postal cards, with paid reply, they send only 37,113. We write more single copies of letters, but the postage on nearly three-quarters of a million in a total of 7,800,000. In short, postage they impose on us annually to the sum of about \$300,000. For sending and receiving this mail our government pays \$2,350,000 a year.

Several Cities Add a Dendrologist to Their Official Corps.

Brooklyn Eagle: Doctor of trees is the latest official addition to the municipal corps of large cities. Boston has engaged a tree doctor to feed the plants of the city on Boston Common. Chicago has a consultant to help Jackson Park lawyer from its attack of the trees' fair. New York added one to its official roster when the rapid transit subway was likely to interfere with the boulevard trees, and Brooklyn is considering the advisability of offering a permanent position to a tree doctor "competent to look after the health of the trees in Prospect Park."

The "tree doctor" is not necessarily a practical landscape architect or gardener, though he very often stands high in the profession. More than half of the tree doctors in this country are actually men who were interested in the subject and took it up as an amusement. At that time, there were few facilities for the acquisition of the science of arboriculture, and it has not been hard for intending doctors of trees to gather knowledge of the best methods of arboriculture.

King of the Field

OUR FAMOUS

Minneapolis Separators

Parsons Swinging Stackers

Grand Kenny Buggies

Are the Best Manufactured

and have a reputation that no other carriage built has been able to attain. If you want a buggy that looks nice and one that will last you a life time, come and see the Henney and get prices.

JOHN M. M'GINTY.



The powder puff may help to hide the ravages of time but it avails little to hide the ravages of disease. When the face is disfigured by eruptions, the treatment must go below the surface to the blood, which is corrupt and impure.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures disfiguring eruptions which are caused by impure blood. It cures scurf, eruptions, eczema, boils, pimples, eczema, salt-rheum and other eruptive diseases which impure blood breeds and feeds.

I was troubled with eczema from the crown of my head to the soles of my feet," writes Mrs. Ella Quick, of Cass City, Missouri Co., Mich. "I could not walk at times for wear my shoes. I thought there was no help for me—at least the doctor said there was none. I went to see friends at Christmas time and there hearted of the good that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery had done for them, and was advised to try it at once. For fear that I might neglect it my friend sent to the village and got a bottle and made me promise that I would take it. I had been getting worse all the time. Took thirteen bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and ten vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and used 'All-Healing Ointment,' which made the complete cure. My skin is now clear. I was taking the medicine about eight months.

"I would say to all who are troubled with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery before wasting time and money."

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make the little net profit paid by the sale of less meritorious medicines. He gains; you lose. Therefore accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cleanse the clogged system from accumulated impurities.

A Purchased Majority

(H. B. Miller in Nebraska Independent.)

Editor Independent: A sample copy of your paper found its way out in this western world, and in that paper I found a full report of our fusion convention. Right here I want to say I am well pleased with the result—a ticket composed of that class of men ought to carry everything before it. I often wonder if the people ever stop to think what a purchased majority means, or a majority obtained by fraud or intimidation, it is all the same. Measures adopted by a majority obtained in that way are not apt to redound to the good of the masses or be any more pure than the methods used to obtain the majority. I wish the people would study politics.

In the last fourteen months I have been over some territory—have met a great many people and have learned that the great majority of the voters go to the election to vote the democratic or republican ticket; they are not particular about the platform, if it is properly labeled. David Bennet Hill's name at the head of a ticket branded democrat would create just as much enthusiasm as if he were a democrat, even though everybody knows he belongs to the corporations and did more than any other man to convince the supreme court that the income tax was unconstitutional. And Mark Hanna's name on the head of a republican ticket would answer just as well as a republican; all the average voter asks for is the brand. I find we have all kinds of politicians, even in the west. Mr. Cushman of this state is for a railway commission. He says if they fix rates too low the United States supreme court will protect them as they did in Nebraska. See; he knows whereof he speaks; government by injunction. We send a little army of men down to Lincoln to make us some good wholesome laws; we undertake to enforce them; some little lawyer says, "Hold on; I think that law is unconstitutional." And sure enough after eight or ten years we get up to our \$10,000 a year hired men in Washington and they say of course the little fellow is right; and that is the end.

Don't talk to me about a republican form of government—don't get it. Seattle is to Washington what New York city is to New York; what Chicago is to Illinois; what San Francisco is to California; what Portland is to Oregon, in a political way. As these cities go so goes the states.

It is thought by some that the church people could find work for some of their surplus missionaries in Seattle.

I see by the platform of the republicans that they are going to help Teddy smash the trusts with their resolves. If a political speaker will misrepresent matters that every one is familiar with, it is not safe to doubt what he says about matters we are not familiar with. I remember in the fall of '96 when John M. was a politician he never failed to tell us that under g. o. p. rule we had had uninterrupted prosperity for thirty-two years; and he actually made the people believe it when they knew he lied.

I undertake to say that our political machine would be just as safe in the hands of republican democrats as democratic republicans; and a plutocratic democrat is just as dangerous to a republican form of government as a plutocratic republican, and I claim that no man can play democracy or republicanism and plutocracy at the same time any more than he can play plutocracy and Christianity. They will not mix.

I once said to a leading democrat, "What of the political future of this country?" and his democracy is so pure that he is almost a populist. His answer was, that truth must prevail. And now the question comes up. How are we to get the truth before the people? That man is doing his part—and more.

But as a rule the average voter would rather believe a lie than the truth, and now I want to repeat one sentence and I want the readers of The Independent to ever remember, that a purchased majority is a dangerous proposition. And in conclusion I want to say to your thousands of readers, if you should be so fortunate as to have time and inclination to take an outing, come to Lake Chelan—for climate, scenery, fruit, and vegetables it is a world beater.

Hoping that you may achieve a lasting political victory in November, I am as ever yours truly,
H. B. MILLER.

Chelan, Wash.

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B. P. S. NISORON

Best Paint Sold. The NoRosin Varnish

Paint and Varnish are very essential to the beauty and durability of your houses.

Why Not Use the Very Best?

We have Paint and Varnish for every purpose and every can of it sold under a positive guarantee. Let us know your Paint and Varnish wants; we think we can be of service to you. We have a very complete line of Painters' Supplies and all at Popular Prices.

Raymond's DRUG STORE

Wayne, Nebr.

Alabastine—Any Color on the Card in Stock.

THE DEMOCRAT

WAYNE, NEBRASKA
W. S. GOLDIE, Editor and Publisher.
SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 PER YEAR; IF PAID IN ADVANCE, \$1.00.

STATE TICKET

For Governor W. H. THOMPSON
For Lieutenant Governor E. A. GILBERT
For secretary of state JOHN H. POWERS
For attorney-general J. H. BROAD
For com. public lands and buildings JAMES C. BRENNAN
For treasurer J. N. LYMAN
For auditor C. O. DEFRANCE
For supt. of public instruction CLAUDE SMITH
For congress, 3d Dist JOHN S. ROBINSON

COUNTY TICKET

For county attorney GUY R. WILBUR
For commissioner 1st dist. AUGUST JOOST

Do They.

The North Nebraska Eagle, a republican paper, says: As will be noticed, the railroad companies are furnishing a lot of claims in their behalf, which are being published in democratic papers throughout the state. Do the corporations hope in this method of purchase to enlist the demo-pop editors in their behalf?

In the same issue in which this editorial appeared the Eagle editor prints the advertisement of the railroad bureau.

Do the corporations hope in this method of purchase to enlist the republican editor of the North Nebraska Eagle in their behalf?—World-Herald.

The farmer voter will probably be able to discern the difference between a farmer candidate and a candidate who farms the farmers.

That clause in the republican state platform, commending the bold stand President Roosevelt has taken against the trusts—Say, did Teddy know anything about it?

After numerous strenuous expositions against the trusts President Roosevelt has fallen into the arms of the trust octopus and gone to sleep there. This may help Teddy out with the plutocracy of the east but when he asks for the electoral votes of the western states he may find himself up against it.

Why don't Billy Thompson and J. H. Mickey get on the stump together, so the people can see, hear and judge for themselves?—Madison Mail.

Oh! why don't they; there's the rub! The DEMOCRAT dares the republican officers of the Wayne Old Settlers Association to exhibit their man Mickey with Thompson. They could not afford to make so ridiculous a spectacle of Mickey. The latter

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors

In the District Court of the United States for the district of Nebraska. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Milton A. LaCroix, Bankrupt. { Bankruptcy

To the creditors of Milton A. LaCroix of Hoskins, in the county of Wayne, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1902, the said Milton A. LaCroix was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office in Wayne, Nebraska, on the 10th day of September, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, of which time the said creditors may attend; prove their claims; appoint a trustee; examine the bankrupt; and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JAMES BRITTON,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

August 25, 1902.

A Young Lady's Life Saved

At Panama, Colombia, by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Dr. Chas. H. Utter, a prominent physician, of Panama, Colombia, in a recent letter states: "Last March I had as a patient a young lady sixteen years of age, who had a very bad attack of dysentery. Everything I prescribed for her proved ineffectual and she was growing worse every hour. Her parents were sure she would die. She had become so weak that she could not turn over in bed. What to do at this critical moment was a study for me, but I thought of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and as a last resort prescribed it. The most wonderful result was effected. Within eight hours she was feeling much better, inside of three days she was upon her feet and at the end of one week was entirely well." For sale by Raymond.

Carry the News

About Carroll and vicinity that George Rohwer has opened a firstclass sample room in that town where you can get the best beer brewed and pure whiskies and choice Cigars.

The Glad news.

If you want the LOCAL NEWS Read the Dimmyerat

HENRY LEV, Pres., C.A. CHACE, Vice Pres
ROLLIE W. LEV, Cashier.

STATE BANK OF WAYNE

Individual Responsibility, \$200,000.

Transacts a general banking business. Drafts on all foreign countries.

J. M. STRAHAN, Pres., FRANK E. STRAHAN, Vice Pres
H. F. WILSON, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$100,000

STOCKHOLDERS—J. W. Jones, J. M. Strahan, Geo. Bogart, Jps. V. Hinchman, Geo. M. Knight, A. J. Davis, A. Hershey, John T. Bressler, James Paul, E. R. Chace, R. E. K. Mellor, Frank Fuller, Frank E. Strahan, H. F. Wilson, H. H. Moses, Nelson Grimsley.

WE SOLICIT YOUR TRADE.

JOHN S. LEWIS, JR.,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in HARNESS

Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Blankets, Combs, Brushes, Etc.

Agent for Cooper Wagons.

Wayne, Neb. Repairing of all kinds Promptly done. Pender, Neb.

Even Bixby of the State Journal, the man who drinks water for irrigating purposes, says that these million dollar rains are now costing the country a million dollars per.

The St Louis Globe-Democrat says about the only democrats who have not been read out of the party are those who cannot read. This is a hard slam—coming from Missouri.

The Norfolk News says: "The democrats are beginning to worry about that "tax" that the people are compelled to pay, which is a certain sign that they are preparing for another assault on tariff, as they did one other time when the country was prosperous and the people contented and happy." The News should not go off half cocked. Who is wasting more wind on the tariff than President Roosevelt and Secretary of Treasury, Shaw!

A citizen calls the Democrat's attention to the merits or demerits of the Northwestern Trust Co. of Omaha, whose advertisement appears in the DEMOCRAT. This company has the best graft of anything we have seen in a long time. As the DEMOCRAT understands it a member of the association pays in a dollar and half per month; the half goes to the company and the dollar into a fund or pool. When \$1,000 is in the pool one member gets it to build a home with. For instance if 999 join at \$1.50 the next man to take shares will get his home paid for after the 999 have been served. Several Wayne county people have bit at the interesting bait. The DEMOCRAT inserted the "ad" not knowing anything about the plan of the concern—to get rich quick. The "ad" disappears with this issue.

Amount of Taxes Paid by Nebraska Railroads and Rate Paid Per Mile by Each Company.

(Issued Under Authority of the Railroads of Nebraska.)

Statement of the amount of taxes paid for the year 1900 in 1901 by the railroads of Nebraska, their mileage and the rate paid per mile, and comparisons with other states and railroad systems.

NAME OF RAILROAD	TAXES PAID	MILEAGE	RATE PER MILE
B. & M. in Nebraska	\$ 90,363.70	191.61	\$471.44
Atchison & Nebraska in Nebraska	20,952.71	108.04	193.93
Chicago, Nebraska & Kansas in Nebraska	733.32	5.28	138.88
G. I. & Wyoming Central in Nebraska	42,723.47	352.44	121.23
Lincoln & Black Hills in Nebraska	25,242.23	176.61	143.93
Lincoln & Northwestern in Nebraska	11,901.02	73.49	162.76
Nebraska & Colorado in Nebraska	61,085.63	430.71	141.82
Nebraska Railway in Nebraska	29,240.61	136.74	213.84
Omaha & North Platte in Nebraska	20,335.98	80.59	252.34
Omaha & Southwestern in Nebraska	17,538.54	50.88	344.70
Oxford & Kansas in Nebraska	8,731.75	59.61	146.49
Republican Valley in Nebraska	108,885.26	552.18	197.19
Republican Valley, Kansas & S. W. in Nebraska	1,304.74	8.50	154.68
Republican Valley, & Wyoming in Nebraska	5,921.49	49.17	120.43
Nebraska, Wyoming & Western in Nebraska	6,597.62	140.78	46.86
Kansas City & Omaha	32,845.99	193.38	169.82
Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley	151,632.64	901.42	168.25
Sioux City & Pacific	5,524.07	26.05	208.98
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha	59,402.92	271.16	219.03
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	51,448.70	250.44	205.43
Missouri Pacific	57,423.05	285.12	201.40
Pacific Railway of Nebraska	10,439.17	71.23	146.57
Kansas City & Northwestern	2,211.31	20.10	110.00
Union Pacific	221,173.89	467.38	473.22
Omaha & Republican Valley	66,113.58	414.44	159.23
Kearney & Black Hills	10,494.04	65.74	160.47
St. Joseph & Grand Island	25,063.80	112.52	222.73
Sioux City, O'Neill & Western	15,838.24	130.16	121.93
	\$1,161,331.18	5,716.67	\$203.15

*The Nebraska, Wyoming & Western in Nebraska was under construction in 1900

Average taxes paid per mile in 1900..... \$198.86
Average taxes paid per mile in 1901..... 203.15
Average taxes paid per mile on all railroads west of Mississippi in 1900..... 171.45
Average taxes paid in seven contiguous states in 1900..... 163.69
Average taxes per mile paid by the Northern Pacific System..... 163.72
Average taxes per mile paid by the railroads of Texas, with 9,873 miles of road..... 108.58

Does it not look as though Nebraska railroads paid more than the railroads with which they compete for business?

FOR GOOD HARD BRICK

Go to the John Lewis brick yards. We now have an ample supply and will be pleased to fill all orders.

Smokers, try a pound of clippings, pure tobacco, only 30c per pound at the cigar factory.

Western Stock Food.

Is sold by Peter Coyle, agent for Wayne county. This is one of the best stock foods in the market. If M. Coyle does not call at your place, leave your order at the Coyle residence on First street and it will be promptly filled.

A GOOD THING

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing as it does the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 75cts. Get Green's Special Almanac.

THE TWO JOHNS

THIRD ANNIVERSARY.

Three years ago we came to Wayne and we have met with greater success than we had reason to expect. Our trade was good from the start and has been increasing every day since. We have bought the building we are located in and have just finished remodeling it, making it almost double in size, with a new front and more light; we now have one of the best rooms in Wayne for a clothing store. Our room is as light as day and you can see what you are buying in the darkest weather. To meet an increasing trade we have increased our stock and we now have the largest and best selected stock of clothing ever brought to Wayne county. Our stock would be a credit to a town twice the size of this. The class of goods we sell has induced people to come here from neighboring towns to trade with us. Our method of buying and selling goods has proven that the old way of selling clothing on low time cannot compete with us. The class of goods we sell cannot be bought outside of a city. We can prove to your entire satisfaction that you need not go to Omaha or Sioux City for good clothing. Our prices are low and our selection will please you. If you have not looked at our clothing it will pay you to do so before you buy. Our goods are all marked in plain figures and sold at one price. If you change your mind after you have bought any goods you can return them and your money will be cheerfully refunded. **OUR FALL GOODS HAVE ARRIVED.** Come and see them.

Men's and Boys' Underwear

In this climate you need good wool underwear. We sell the celebrated Staley underwear. This is different from any other line sold in Nebraska. If you have had trouble with your underwear buy Staley's and you will wear no other. If you will call and let us show the difference between Staley's and other makes of underwear, you will be



satisfied to buy your underwear of us. If you want all-wool underwear for your boys, we have it. Come in and ask to see our Staley underwear. No matter if you are not ready to buy, it will pay you to see this line. We have sold this line for over 20 years and we know we can satisfy you if you will only come and see.

Young Men's Suits

Young men like nice clothing, stylish clothing. We make special effort to please the young men. We have the latest things out, cut single or double-breasted vest, in all late patterns of cloth. We have a line of suits made expressly for young men. Nothing like it can be bought outside of a city. We can please you. If you are particular give us a chance to fit you. Price, \$10 to \$16. Also a nice line of cheaper suits at from \$4 to \$10.

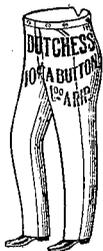
MEN'S PANTS

We carry a complete line of separate pants, and pants that fit, wear and look well. The Dutchess Trousers beat them all for fit and wear. You will find this warranty sewed in every pair: "WARRANTY"

"You buy a pair of Dutchess all wool Trousers, at from \$2 to \$5, and wear them two months, for every suspender button that comes off we will pay you 10 cents, if they rip at the waist-band we will pay you 50 cents, if they rip in the seat or elsewhere we will pay you \$1 or give you a new pair."

Buy Dutchess Trousers

THE HAWES HAT



We have secured the agency for this celebrated hat. This hat is direct from the factory and the latest New York style. No other \$2 hat equal to the Hawes. Come in and see them. Just arrived.

MENS' SUITS

We sell the Kuppenheimer Suits for men. This line of suits is a high-class, tailor-made clothing. It has a guarantee sewed in the pocket, and if you are not satisfied you can bring it back and get another suit. No other line of clothing made in America has this guarantee. It fits like tailor-



made and will keep its shape, the only difference is in the price. Price, \$10 to \$24. We also sell a cheaper line, made well, no trash, the best for the price and as good as the best you generally get in a general store. We can save you money on this class of clothing. Price, \$3.75 to \$10. We can fit any man, no matter how big or how tall and slim. Try us and get a suit that fits.

Men's and Boys' Shoes

We are expert shoe men and have a complete line of Men's and Boys' Shoes. We sell the best and warrant every pair to give satisfaction. We have a line of Little Gent's



shoes for boys that wear 8 to 13. Made to fit a boy's foot, with low, broad heel. No old, out-of-date style to show. Lowest price and latest style. Try us for shoes and get the best.

Boys' & Children's Suits

This is where we excel all other stores. We make it a rule to have the latest things in Boys' and Children's Suits. We get made from all the neighboring towns for Children's Clothing. If you want nice, clean, clothing for boys and children come here, you will be pleased with our line. Our prices will please you. Our goods are the best in the market, entirely different than is sold in dry goods stores. Our Children's Department has pleased the ladies of this and surrounding towns and our stock is now more complete than ever before. Marked in plain figures and sold at one price only. If you take it home and change your mind, bring it back get your change.



LOCAL NEWS.

Alc and Porter on tap at Mildner's Farmers Mutual Insurance Co. PHIL H. KOHN, agt.

Fine residence property for sale. R. H. James.

R. Philcox is numbered among the sick the past week.

The Fuller residence for sale. Enquire at premises.

You always get the best there is at the Brookings' grocery.

Phone 74 if you want some job printing done in a hurry.

The Fuller family horse and phaeton for sale. Enquire at residence.

When you smoke a Wayne Leader cigar you are getting something good.

A merry-go-round has planted itself west of Roe's meat market to await the carnival.

A. B. Clark will move into the Stringer house in about a week, and Mr. Stringer and daughters will move to Lincoln.

The young lady friends of Miss Mary Mellor delightfully surprised her Wednesday evening in honor of her 14th birthday.

Institute is being held at the High school this week being attended by all the young "school-marms" who endeavor to teach the "young idea how to shoot."

Messrs Herman Mildner, G. H. Darnell, and J. R. Rundell, were in Sioux City Wednesday trying to secure special trains to run to Sioux City Saturday night Sept. 6, at the close of the carnival.

Jovial Sam Hogue was down from his farm near Winside Wednesday. Sam says the wet weather has not hurt his grain because he had it well shocked. What grain is spoiled in the field is largely due to negligence in shocking, many fields having bundles scattered on the ground which are ruined.

An important business change this week is the sale of the E. P. Olmstead hardware, machinery and buggy business to Geo. C. and Alex Terrwilliger. The new firm takes possession Jan. 1, 1903. Mr. Olmstead has been in business here a long time and he will be much missed. He says he is going to farming now to get rich quick although admitting that he considered he had one of the best money-making stores in the city. Terrwilliger Bros. ought to be able to "keep up their end of it," as both are genial well-liked gentlemen and the Democrat believes they will not be disappointed in their choice of a location.

Drink ale and porter at Mildner's.

W. A. Ivory, dentist, over-1st Nat. Bank. Excellent imported Spanish port Give your order to Herman Mildner.

Miss Bertie Armstrong leaves tomorrow morning for a month's vacation in the far west.

Mrs. W. C. Bonham and Miss Maude Cook drove to Pender last Saturday afternoon, returning Sunday evening.

WANTED—good carpenter for inside finishing work. Enquire at Smith & Harrington's lumberyard.

Atty. M. O. Cunningham returned to Omaha Wednesday. Mrs. Cunningham will visit a few days longer.

H. Remus was down from Winside Wednesday and said that he and his family would leave for the east this week in quest of a new location.

There must be something near right about the M. S. Davies music house. Mrs. W. E. Gantt of Sioux City sent up here last week for a Chickering piano.

J. J. W. Fox was a visitor from Randolph last Friday. Jim says his brother George, the typhoid, is doing nicely in the newspaper business at Pipestone, Minn., where he started a new paper a few weeks ago.

The fifth Sunday union temperance meeting will be held at the Baptist church next Sunday evening. The meeting is under the auspices of the W. T. C. U. and Rev. Bibel will preach the sermon.

The Bayor Sisters have a scrumptious "ad" in this issue of the Democrat. Wayne is the only town in the states that can boast of—well, was going to say Hayer milliners, but maybe it would make the ladies mad. See them, however, for fall hats.

Bob Ahern scared the populace about the corner of the State bank Wednesday evening by suddenly giving a demoniacal yell and then falling on the sidewalk as though a bolt of lightning had hit him. Dr. Blair was summoned and the sick man removed to his brother's where he soon recovered from the fit.

The Collins Carnival Co. will arrive in town next Monday from Remsen, Iowa, where they had an engagement last week. The company carries a vast amount of paraphernalia and it will take several days to get it in shape for Thursday next, the first day of Wayne's street fair. The Remsen people were very much pleased with the show given them by the Collins Co. and have sent a statement to that effect to the Wayne Carnival Committee.

Good Words For Prof. Pile

Prof. J. M. Pile got home Saturday evening from Tekamah where he spent the week instructing in the Burt county institute. The professor looked much better for his little outing and took occasion to say that the business men of Tekamah have time to properly entertain a convention of educators, having a band engaged and serving a banquet at the residence of Judge Hopewell. Prof. Pile says there were 115 teachers enrolled under four instructors and he is every enthusiastic over the work done and thinks it one of the best institutes he ever attended, the citizens taking much interest in the doings and showing teachers and instructors many kindnesses. The papers of the county had our popular educator several merited bouquets as will be noticed by the following:

Oakland Independent: Prof. Pile, president of the Wayne Normal School, lectures on grammar, arithmetic and didactics. He is spoken of as one of the ablest institute instructors in the state. His wide experience and familiarity with the needs of teachers make him particularly fitted to present his subjects in a comprehensive manner.

Lyons Mirror: The Institute started exceedingly well and the Superintendents deserve considerable credit for the selection of the able instructors now in charge. Prof. J. M. Pile of the Wayne Normal is pronounced the most able institute instructor in the state. His work is mathematics, grammar and didactics, and his ability is unquestioned by the attending teachers.

Tekamah Journal: Prof. Pile of Wayne Normal College one of the veteran Institute men of the state as well as one of the ablest educators is, one of the instructors. Institutes in which the Professor takes part have a faculty of learning smoothly.

Tekamah Herald: Prof. J. M. Pile of Wayne, ranks first. He has many friends among the teachers, many of whom have attended his normal school. He is a thorough master of mathematics and his interpretation of didactics and grammar is equally well presented.

Pete Coyle has sold his famous family mare to Jim Finn. The wet weather cuts no figure at the Mildner saloon. That popular sample room always draws the dry people.

Among nineteen new banks incorporated in Nebraska this week is the Farmers State bank at Stiles, M. S. Merrill, president. B. Cunningham and family desire to thank the many friends and neighbors for their kindness and sympathy during their late bereavement.

A Bear Story.

(From the Lakeside Light.)

EDITOR LAKESIDE LIGHT: Dear Sir—Perhaps one of the most exciting bear hunts that has taken place in many years happened on the 27th inst.—time: about 11 o'clock a. m. Place: about four miles west of Lakeside on south side of lake; parties concerned: four little girls, Mrs. Molly Jeffreys and Hank Miller. The little girls took a horse to the spring to water; so rods away they saw a black bear run up a tree and heard it growl. They were not long in reporting and you may guess there was commotion. Molly got the gun, a Winchester, and a box of shells and we instructed the children to lock themselves in the house and never open the door until they saw us coming with the bear after us.

I had not shot a gun for about fifty-two years. The last shot I think I killed a buffalo on Platte river. Be that as it may, Molly loaded the gun and we started—I ahead with the gun—I am naturally a little nervous, but think I was more so on that occasion. We had not gone far until sure enough we saw a half grown cub, about fifteen feet from the ground on the side of a pine tree. Courtesy prompted me to let Molly shoot first, the bullet striking about a foot below the cub. He or she as the case may be, the cub, only clung the closer to the tree.

Molly was as cool as a cucumber all the time, while I could not say as much for myself; but now it was my turn to shoot I blazed away and my ball went wide of the mark, about two feet above as near as we could tell but he still clung to the tree.

We were getting more bold while we advanced and loaded, or loaded and advanced. I placed the gun by the side of a tree and fired again. This time I was very sure I had hit the mark. We advanced close enough then to learn that it was a knob.

The neighbors came from every direction, thinking that Tracy had been captured, but fortunately there was no one hurt and now Mark has me charged up with fifteen cents, worth of ammunition, the first bill I have made in the new world.

Yours truly, HANK MILLER.

"This is a remarkable climate," said the tourist. "It is," answered the old settler. "Every since I have been here I have wondered how a climate could change so many times a day and every time for the worse."—Washington Star.

"Do you see the horizon yonder, where the sky seems to meet the earth?"

"Yes, uncle."

"Boy, I have journeyed so near there that I couldn't put a sixpence between my head and the sky!"

"Why, uncle, what a whopper!"

"It's a fact my lad. I had sent one to put."—London Tit-bits.

Nebraska Normal College Opens Sept. 1st

The Nebraska Normal College, the best school in the middle west, opens for the fall term next Monday. There isn't a young man or woman who reads this notice but if possible should attend this college if in need of an education. The Wayne college beats 'em all, and many a regret has the publisher of the Democrat regretted that in his early youth no such opportunity was obtainable for getting a little learning. There is nothing that will ever pay the dividends that a practical education, such as the Nebraska Normal furnishes. While hundreds of students come from other states, every boy and girl in this part of the state should arrange to spend the fall and winter at Prof. Pile's school. It's a snap for an education; a "fat take" in the language of the printer.

Notice
Our pianos must not be confused with the "Chickering" piano made by Chickering & Sons of Boston with whom we have no connection. Our pianos are high grade, made from original scales, and every instrument is guaranteed for a period of ten years. CHICKERING BROS., Chicago.

Organs
Estey, Western Cottage, Peerless and the Putnam organs. We have a large line of school books, new tablets and school supplies, music books, sheet music, Parker fountain pens and the New Home sewing machines. M. S. Davies Book and Music House.

To Sell a Horse

Take the animal to Strahan & Warnock's Palace Livery barn where they buy and sell horses, and do a general horse business.

To Buy a Horse

Look over the animals in the Strahan & Warnock barn. Any kind of a horse you want and at reasonable prices.

In the Pork Business

Strahan & Warnock buy hogs and it will be money in your pocket to see "Bob" before you sell your hogs, as he will give you the top figure for them.

STRAHAN & WARNOCK.

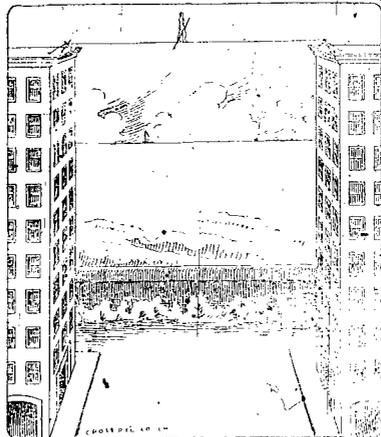
"Yes, count, in all the park there is no place like so well as under this old, old tree." (Sighing contentedly.) "There are tender associations, you see." "Aha, I comprehend, man-made. You have yourself planted the tree!"—Pinch.

If you want the LOCAL NEWS Read the Dimmycrat

WAYNE CARNIVAL

AND STREET FAIR!

SEPTEMBER 4 5 AND 6.



BELMONT SISTERS

The world's famous trapeze artists in wonderful feats that to the spectator seem impossible.

A Steam Carousal.

Strictly Up-To-Date. There is nothing later.

Arabic Acrobats

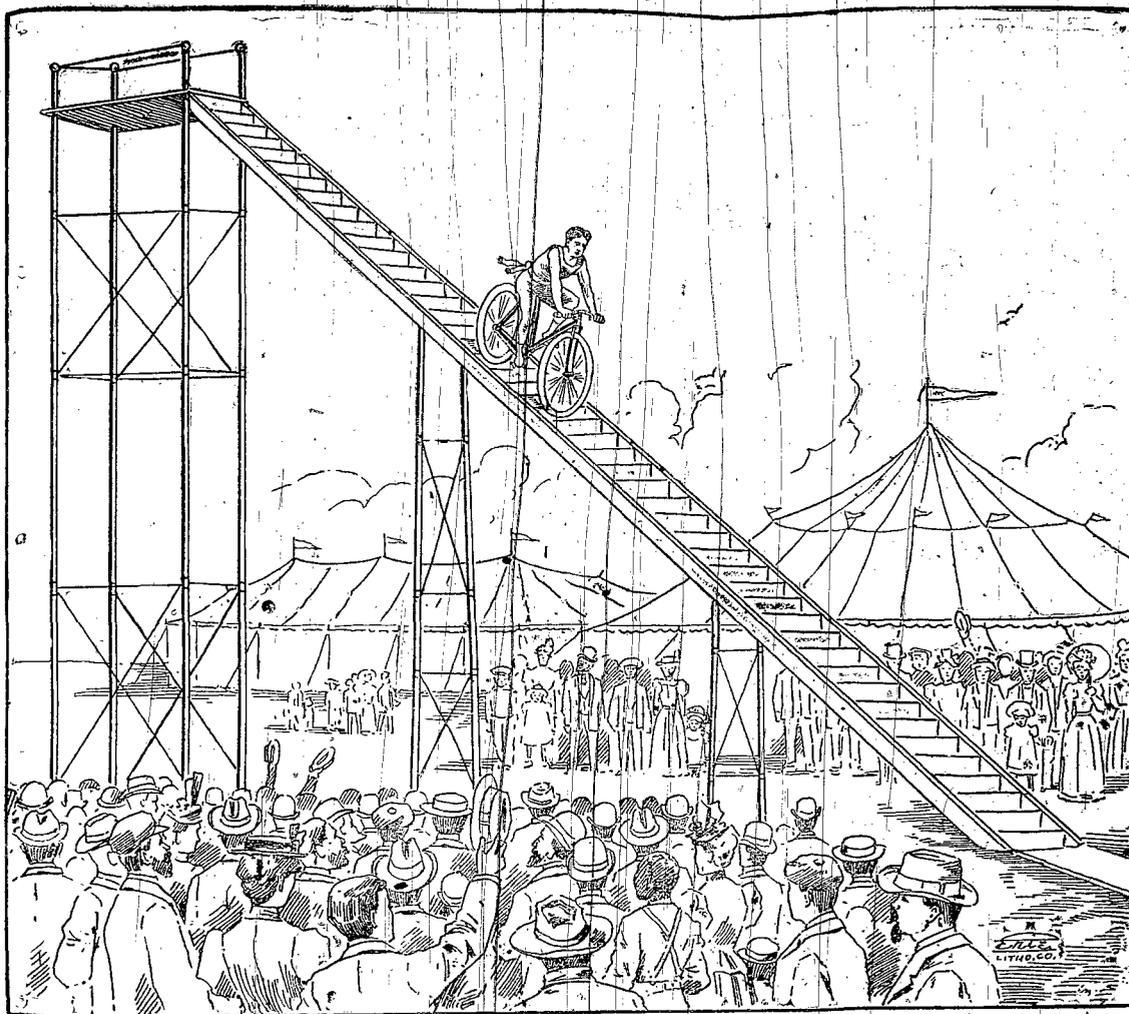
Two performances daily. Most wonderful tumbling, leaping and acrobatic feats.

Miniture Railway

Fun For The Little Folks.

Reed's Famous Band.

This famous band, of Sioux City, will furnish music all three days, and will be assisted by other bands.



A Few Of The Attractions:

PROF. RECORD The World's Greatest Cyclist, who duplicates the famous Kilpatrick's blood curdling feat of riding down a pair of stairs 50 feet high and 100 feet long.

BALLOON ASCENSION T. Harry Simmons, aeronaut, acrobat and trapeze performer, who is accredited one of the best in the business, will make daily ascensions, dropping 300 feet head first before his parachute opens, performing wonderful feats in mid air.

90 FOOT DIVE Capt. Collins plunges 90 feet through space, turning a complete summersault, striking on a net, bounding 30 feet, turning again, thus making two revolutions in his descent.

BOSCO. The snake eater, eats them alive. Bites the heads of living vipers and rattlers, and then eats them alive.

SLIDE FOR LIFE By a lady suspended by the hair of the head, sliding from a high tower on a wire cable, a distance of 200 feet, making the daring trip in nine seconds.

MOVING PICTURES perfectly reproducing President McKinley's funeral cortège, Spanish bull fighting, The eruption of Mont Relece. The statue that turns to life, the great Pan-American Exposition feature. "A Modern Miracle."

BEAUTIFUL ORIENT depicting life in the far east, at the Sultan's pleasure gardens, the fair Turkish maidens, and in the historical streets of Cairo.

THEATER VAUDEVILLE The acme of refinement. A clear high class entertainment in a mammoth tent, carrying an elevated stage, scenery and settings.

A Modern 60 foot Ferris Wheel.

Ride on this World's Fair Novelty.

DON'T BE FOOLED!

Take the genuine, original **ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA** Made only by Madison Medicine Co., Madison, Wis. It keeps you well. Our trade mark cut on each package. Price, 35 cents. Never sold in bulk. Accept no substitute. Ask your druggist.

Store for Rent
The store room, one door west of postoffice is for rent, possession given at once. Apply to the DEMOCRAT.

FOR SALE—Pure blood Short Horn bull. See J. S. Lewis.

Henry L. Shattuck of Shellsburg, Iowa, was cured of a stomach trouble with which he had been afflicted for years, by four boxes of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. He had previously tried many other remedies and a number of physicians without relief. For sale by Raymond.

The best physic—Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Easy to take. Pleasant in effect. For sale by Raymond.

Are you thinking of going to Dakota? If so, do not fail to see me before going. I have been making several trips for the last three years into this country. I am thoroughly acquainted with the soil and the lay of land and think I can save you some money and assist you in getting properly located. **PHIL H. KOHL.**

If you wish to buy from 10 to 100 acres of land close to the city of Wayne it will pay you to see E. D. Mitchell.

NATIONAL G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT—Washington, D. C., October 6 to 11th, 1902. For the above excursion ticket will be sold Oct. 2, 3, 4 and 5 good returning until Nov. 3rd, 1902. Stopovers permitted east of Pittsburg and Bellaire, Ohio. Side trips to Washington to battle fields at one fare for round trip. Fare from Wayne \$30.20, children half fare.

F. M. THOMAS, D. O. STENOGRAPHER

Office at Wayne except Tuesdays and Fridays when at Winside.

No Knife, - No Drugs

GUY R. WILBUR, FRANK A. BERRY, WILBUR & BERRY, Lawyers.

Special attention given to collections. Have a complete set of abstracts of title of Wayne county and towns therein, and a bonded abstracter in the office. Titles examined and perfected.

Elmer R. Lundberg, Attorney
Wayne, Nebraska.

A. A. WELCH, H. F. WOOD, WELCH & WOOD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

H. G. LEISENRING, Physician and Surgeon.
Office over State Bank.

Dr. J. J. WILLIAMS, Physician and Surgeon.
WAYNE, NEB.

The Citizens' Bank
(INCORPORATED)
A. L. TUCKER, President, E. D. MITCHELL, Vice Pres.
D. C. MAIN, Cashier, G. E. FRENCH, Asst. Cashier.
Capital Stock and Surplus \$100,000.
—DIRECTORS—
E. Mitchell, A. A. Welch, J. S. French, Main, A. L. Tucker, G. E. French, James Paul.

Central MEAT MARKET
VOLPP BROS. PROP'S.

FRESH & SALT MEATS
HUGH O'CONNELL'S

Pool and Billiard Hall
In Boyd Annex

Your Picture
Is what all your friends want, be your handsome as a rose or as homely as a mud fence.

We Make You Look
as natural as life and at a very low price.
The Artist CRAVEN.

Bowl up, Boys!
AT OOM PAUL'S NEW

Bowling Alley

LOCAL NEWS.

Steen's home-made bread takes the cake. Try it.

Fine residence property for sale. R. H. James.

C. E. Persinger of Iowa is a guest of F. M. Bell.

Adam Grijer was in Omaha on business Tuesday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Main last Friday.

Mrs. E. P. Ellis returned to her home at Omaha Tuesday.

Fall Millinery opening—During the Carnival Sept. 4 and 6.

Miss H. WILKINSON.
Mrs. John Larson and daughter visited in Winside Tuesday night.

Geo. Sherbahn is out billing the towns for the street fair and carnival.

Charley Vail was in town Tuesday on his way to Sheldon, Iowa, for his health.

For five or ten years loans, best options and lowest rates on farm loans. See Phil H. Kohl.

Judge Moses and Alderman Craven were business passengers to Omaha Tuesday morning.

Treasurer Volpp and Fritzle went to Bloomfield Tuesday evening to visit there until Saturday.

Philo Graves has decided not to build this year and is fixing up the old frame building for rent again.

Mrs. A. D. Sweet returned to her home at Sioux City yesterday after a pleasant visit with Mrs. Wm. Anderson.

Rev. McKim, formerly pastor of the Episcopal flock at this place, was up from Kansas this week visiting at Norfolk.

A son and heir was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Rundell last Tuesday, and latest reports are that grandpap will recover.

E. C. Simonton is suffering from one of Job's comforters. In other words E. C. is like the fat pullet,—got it in the neck.

For indigestion and all stomach troubles use German Dyspepsia Tablets, price 25c. For sale by Wayne Drug Co., J. T. Leahy.

Henry Lyuders has leased the basement of the Gaertner building for a barber shop, expecting to make the change in a few weeks.

Henry Gaertner went to Battle Creek Tuesday night. He and Geo. Perdue have the Gaertner string of running horses there for the races.

Dr. Frank Gamble was an over-Sunday visitor from Ponca and went to Missouri Valley Tuesday to spend a week with his brother Hal.

Why pay rent? When you can buy a home of your own in the corn belt at from \$10 to \$25 per acre. For particulars see Phil H. Kohl.

Mrs. Wm. Mears went to Sioux City Wednesday. The DEMOCRAT understands there is to be a wedding soon. A lull of an affair, of course.

When you want ice cream for socials, lawn fetes, lodge banquets, etc., order from Steen and get the best. Mr. Steen will take back all cream left over at full price.

There's a pretty girl in an alpine hat, A sweeter girl in a sailor brim, But the handsomest girl you'll ever see

Is the sensible girl who uses Rocky Mountain Tea.
Raymond's Pharmacy.

Judge Hunter on Monday issued license to wed to George Honey and Maggie Peters. What's the matter with a little honey with your—weddings, anyhow.

If it wasn't popular, if it wasn't loved by the people, why do dealers say? "We have something just as good as the Madison Medicine Co's Rocky Mountain Tea." Think it over. 35 cents. Raymond's Pharmacy.

Robt. Fenski was a passenger through to Falls City, Texas, Wednesday. Robert said he had to get out of Nebraska for awhile owing to the strenuousness of the republicans. He goes to Texas to settle up an estate.

Aug. Joost has sold his farm in Leslie precinct and bought a place near Pender, in Thurston county, consequently declined to stand as a candidate for county commissioner in Wayne county. The committee on vacancies will fill the deficiency.

John Kate comes in for a good many blessings this week for cutting down that fine tree that stood in the street in front of his business house. It was the oldest and finest tree in the city, a masterpiece of commanding magnificence. It is questionable whether John will get as much profit as loss out of its removal. As one citizen said: "the man who could ruthlessly cut down such a tree would murder his mother."

Richard Hodgson was in town from Winside Monday and said he had sold his restaurant business there to a Mr. Harrison from Omaha, and on Tuesday he moved to Council Bluffs where he, with his son, has purchased an undertaking business. That ought to be a proper calling after running a restaurant, from the DEMOCRAT's experience with restaurants. Richard was very successful in Winside and well liked by the people.

A Winside man in town one day this week says the DEMOCRAT missed a rich item from that burg last week. Sherman Baker, who is well known in Wayne, and Alderman John Elliott of Winside, got into a fracas. Our informant says Baker took after Elliott and chased him clear across the tracks out of town. Then Elliott got his sand and turning around scared Baker to death by running him to cover. A few kicks on the shins was all the damage done, but to spectators it was a whole circus.

Are You Guilty, Enoch?

A "comrade" at Carroll sends us the following interesting "relief" of the late "unpleasantness":

Editor DEMOCRAT,
Enclosed find clipping which I suppose has reference to our worthy "comrade" and Hon. Judge of Wayne county. I think his attention should be called to it and if "guilty" should be severely reprimanded for his conduct in time of war, but possibly this has reference to some one else.
RAN AGAINST A SABER

Two or three weeks after the battle of Shiloh our company under command of Lieut. E. F. Hyde, was sent out to stand picket on Purdy road near a place known as Veal's Lane. Orders were then very strict against molesting anything belonging to Southern people, and of course we all, officers and men, were expected to obey the orders of our superior officers; but accidents would happen sometimes, and a chicken or pig would get killed occasionally. One of these accidents happened while we were standing picket at Veal's Lane. Comrade Enoch Hunter was detected skinning a fine fat pig a short distance from the reserve, while off duty. Lieut. Hyde began to reprimand him for stealing a pig. Enoch said he had not stolen the pig; furthermore, that Company I boys were never known to steal anything. The Lieutenant demanded an explanation.

"Well" Enoch said, "I went out in the woods a short distance and sat down against a tree to meditate and look for Johnny-jumps-ups, and drew my saber and laid it across my lap to have it ready in case of an emergency, and while I was sitting dreamily cogitating over the fortunes of war, suddenly something ran against my saber. As quick as thought, and quicker than I could turn my head to see what it was, I gave a fierce jab with my saber, supposing, of course, a Johnny had jumped up and was about to jump on me; but it was not a Johnny at all—it was this pig. I am sorry it happened, Lieutenant, but it could not be helped after it was done, and I thought the next best thing to do would be to dress it and we all could have a taste."

Hunter's explanation was satisfactory to the Lieutenant, notwithstanding the improbability of a pig running against a saber, and especially to run through him behind the forelegs. But then, the Lieutenant knew his men were all truthful and honest—in fact would not tell a lie for a pig. The next question was how to cook the pig. We had no vessel to cook it in, or a bit of salt to season it with. But Hunter had a talent for expedients and a modest amount of cheek; so he goes to a house near by, where the pig was probably owned, and borrows a skillet and some salt, and the pig was properly cooked and served. And there was not one in the company that enjoyed the repast more than the commanding officer.—P. O. A.

VANDALISM.

It is a great mystery to the people of this village, how it is possible for a person in this age of intelligence, refinement and culture, to be so vandalic and idiotic, as to deliberately murder a beautiful and useful tree.

And the question is further asked has the town no power to protect and preserve the trees upon the public streets, and to punish barbarians who wantonly destroy them.

A ROMAN.

OBITUARY

Vira E. Cunningham, who died August 20th at the age of 54 years, 9 months and seven days, was born into this world at Bloomington, Illinois, in the year 1847. Later she removed with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Obelia White, to Chariton, Iowa. During her earlier life she was engaged in teaching in Lucas and Marion counties, Iowa, having by her own personal efforts educated herself for her chosen work. In 1879 she was united in marriage to Burlington Cunningham at Dallas, Iowa, removing with her husband and family to Wayne in the spring of 1882. At the time of her death she was an active member of the Protection Rebekah Lodge, No. 122, of the Independent order of Odd Fellows. For thirty years she was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church so far as her health would permit, having been a sufferer from infancy with asthma. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband and two sons, Arthur B. and John P., and daughter Lydia R. and stepsons, M. O. Cunningham of Omaha, and H. E. Cunningham of Randolph, Mrs. E. C. Sharp of Guthrie Centre, Iowa, a sister, Mrs. J. Johnson of Winside, a brother, John C. White of Oklahoma Territory and a niece, Mrs. Minnie Clark of Winside. Deceased was a patient sufferer, kind mother and a faithful and loving companion, doing her duty in mothering the orphan children entrusted to her care by a deceased son and daughter-in-law.

Insurance Free

The Sioux City Tribune is giving its subscribers a \$1,000 accident insurance policy, \$5 weekly indemnity in case of injury, upon payment of 30 cents to cover cost of registration, postage, etc. Write for particulars, sample copies, rates, etc. Address the Tribune, Sioux City, Iowa.

Phenix Insurance Co.

One of the Oldest, Strongest and Best in the World. GRANT S. MEARS, Agt.

Want Old Iron.

Old stoves, machinery, etc., take it to Marcus Kroger at the Peavey elevator and get cash for it.

For Sale.

The James Mack farm west of Pender in Wayne County. This is one of the best improved and finest laying half sections in Wayne County. Easy terms, for particulars write or call on **PHIL H. KOHL, Agt.**

..The Wayne Drug Co..

J. T. LEAHY, CHEMIST.
IN THE BOYD ANNEX

"The New Drug Store" is now open for business and respectfully solicits a share of the drug business. In starting the third business house of this kind in the enterprising city of Wayne it is not my intention to make this feature of the business world a "drug on the market," but to boom the drug trade in so far as my ability will permit. Like some other lines of trade the druggist "lives" off the misfortunes of other people, to some extent, but when you get sick it's a nice thing to be able to make you well with fresh, wholesome medicines, carefully compounded by a registered pharmacist. We sell everything found in the modern drug store and our stock is all new. Will muchly appreciate a visit from the people whether on business or a social call.

Respectfully yours,
J. T. LEAHY
TELEPHONE 79.

Rain or Shine

You will always find a big crowd of customers doing business with the busiest store in Wayne
Furchner, Duerig & Co.

The German Store

always has a crowd; what better proof is wanted to indicate the cheapest place to buy your dry goods, clothing and groceries. The German store employs double the number of employees of any other Wayne establishment, and they are always busy. The German store handles more farm produce than the sum total of many towns. The German store always has the best table butter, the freshest eggs. In fact the German store, Furchner, Duerig & Co.

Is Always in the Lead.

Try it and see if it doesn't come up these modest specifications. It will save you \$ \$ \$.

Handsome Store Beautiful Stock

And prices on furniture are always at bed-rock

At Gaertner's

We have an immense stock of the best furniture into our commodious and new storerooms which will compare favorably with anything found in Omaha or Sioux City. In fitting up this large establishment we feel entitled to your patronage so long as we give better values for the money than the department stores, and this we can prove to your perfect satisfaction if given the opportunity.

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The Capital Saloon of Wayne is one of the finest bar rooms in the state, both in appointments, furniture, and quality of liquors and cigars sold its customers. The Capital does the saloon business of Northeast Nebraska. Always.....

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Try our Pabst Lemp, Budweizer or Blue Ribbon. We deliver a case at your home, call for it when empty, and replace it with another, if so desired. You can call up 43 by phone, send a messenger, or call; either insures prompt attention and identically the same service and prices.....

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The very best in these that ever "came down the pike." Years of experience has told us that the way to make coin in the saloon business is to sell only the better grades of whisky. In our Planet, Harper and Green Brier, we can guarantee a better thing than usually put over the bar. Let us make you a selection for a sample pint. Phone 43.....

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Will, by request, visit professionally Wayne, Neb., Boyd Hotel, Thursday, Sept. 11, One Day Only, returning every four weeks. Consult her while the opportunity is at hand.

DR. CALDWELL limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all Chronic, Nervous and Surgical Diseases of a curable nature. Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Chronic Catarrh, Head-Ache, Constipation, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Blisters, Nervousness, Insomnia, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting Diseases in adults, Deformities, Clubfeet, Curvature of the Spine, Diseases of the Brain, Paralysis, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Gravel, Enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.

Blood and Skin Diseases.
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, Throat Ulcers, Bone Pains, Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Passing Urine too often. The effect of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.

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Cancer, Goiter, Fistula, Piles and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood. Is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific method of its kind ever known. Dr. Caldwell has practiced this method in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no superior in the treatment of malignant diseases, eruptions, skin diseases, and all the above mentioned ailments. She has been successful in curing many patients. No mercurial cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice, one dollar to those interested.

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80 acres, improved, near Attona. Enquire of W. F. Assenheimer.

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For Sale.
Three thoroughbred Short Horn bulls, can give pedigree, age from 11 months to two years. Call on or address Jas. Paul, Concord, Neb.

Farm for Sale
Parties wishing to purchase a well improved farm of 320 acres, with fine orchard of plums, apples and cherries situated 4 miles west and 2 miles south of Winside, 2 1/2 miles north and 1 mile east of Hoskins, will do well to see **JAS. A. ELLIOTT** of Winside.

BOARD
Good private boarding house four doors west of post-office. Reasonable prices. **Mrs. H. LAYBATCH.**

For Sale
A 160 or 200 acre farm near Attona, with good buildings, pasture, and meadow; also, some good town property in Attona. Enquire of **W. F. ASSENHEIMER, Attona.**

An Improved Farm
160 acres near Winside at \$40 per acre on easy terms. This is cheap and will soon be off the market so see about it right away.
E. R. SUMBER, Agt.

Lies and Mosquitoes
Try a little of Lee's Fly-Curo on your horse or cow during fly season and observe the great benefit from such use. It relieves the animal from the tormenting insect pest and pays a profit to the owner through saving in feed and increased marketable product. Easy to apply by means of the Aspinwall Sprayer, and inexpensive in cost. Sold by Furchner, Duerig & Co.

A Cure for Cholera Infantum.
"Last May," says Mrs. Curtis Baker, of Bookwalter, Ohio, "an infant child of our neighbor's was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctor had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days time the child had fully recovered, and is now (nearly a year since) a vigorous, healthy girl. I have recommended this Remedy frequently and have never known it to fail in any single instance." For sale by Raymond.

NEBRASKA NEWS NOTES

The state fair managers are being overwhelmed with applications for space at the forthcoming exposition. In the agricultural building practically every foot of space is already taken and the demand is almost as great in the others.

Secretary of State Marsh and Legat Commissioner Follmer are determined to prevent next year a continuation of the band concerts on the capitol lawn. Their reason is that the crowds damage the state property.

In a fight following a quarrel, William Bailey, living five miles west of Oxford, was stabbed by Will Commons, a young farm hand. Bailey will die. Commons, who claims to have acted in self-defense, has not been arrested.

During a severe wind and electrical storm, accompanied by a heavy rainfall at Niobrara, two spans of the new bridge recently constructed across the mouth of the Niobrara river by the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley railroad, were blown into the river. The damage will be about \$1,200.

The preliminary hearing of Tom Rea of Long Pine, accused of stealing two horses of Senator Frank M. Currie of Sargent, Custer county, whose arrest occurred a couple of weeks ago, was held at Alheworth, resulting in Rea being bound over to the October term of the district court in \$1,000 bonds.

Deputy Game Warden Carter was in Grand Island and, it is stated, on information given by other sportsmen, arrested Carl Willard and Reed Alter, both prominent young men of the city, on the charge of violating the game law pertaining to prairie chickens. Both pleaded guilty before Judge Mullon and were fined in the sum of \$5.

The business of the Table Rock City company has attained such proportions that it necessitated more land. The company bought two acres of land for \$75 per acre. The company has been unusually prosperous recently, and is out of debt, and a new plant will undoubtedly be put at the place of this new purchase.

One hundred dollars reward will be paid for the arrest and detention of Edgar Ehler, wanted in Garfield county, Nebraska, for jumping his bail on a charge of incest. He is 45 years old, 5 feet 11 inch tall, stands and walks very erect and straight, sandy complexion and mustache, low forehead, high cheek bones, rather small gray eyes.

Lightning struck and killed Patrick Ross, a colored man, at Lincoln Park. He was at work leading a wagon with hay when a storm came up suddenly and before he and his fellow workers could take refuge the fatal bolt came, striking a mule which was hitched to the wagon and passing from the animal to Ross, who standing with his hand upon the bridle bit.

Deputy Labor Commissioner Watson has completed the tabulation of returns on acreage of sugar beets for Nebraska for the current year and gave out the figures. Last year Nebraska produced 14,912,200 pounds of beet sugar. If the average yield from the acreage this year is but ten tons of 12 per cent beets, the sugar production for the state will be 16,739,000 pounds.

Adjutant General Colby announces that he will soon issue orders for the mobilization of a portion of the Nebraska national guard at Fort Riley, Kan., about September 23. He intimates that the order will include the two regiments and possibly one or more of the independent companies. The general received notice that the military maneuvers of the regular army will be held at Fort Riley from September 29 to October 8.

While loading a car with stone, S. A. Davis of Plattsmouth was instantly killed in the yards of the Newhatch quarry at Cedar Creek. As there was no witness to the accident the exact cause of the mishap is not known. The dead man's family resides in Plattsmouth and the body was taken there. For about forty years Mr. Davis has been a resident of that county and was well and favorably known. A wife and six children survive him.

Believing a hasty exit preferable to a coat of tar and feathers at the hands of indignant farmers, P. Lyons of Kansas City has quitted the vicinity of Burchard, Lyons was peddling whiskey around this part of the country and incidentally reaping a harvest of money. When he drove into Burchard he was accosted by a dozen farmers who informed him that he would either "get out" in thirty minutes or be the recipient of a feather coat. Lyons stoutly declined to comply with the demand to desert the field of his labors and the dozen determined countrymen started to apply their punishment to their victim.

The case of Richard Tosland, at Humboldt, is proving quite a puzzle to his physicians and neighbors, who are now looking for his entire recovery. Mr. Tosland is the prominent Richardson county farmer and stockman who has been laid up for some three weeks with lockjaw as the result of stepping on a barbed wire. For two weeks or more he has been continually in spasms and his death was momentarily expected. A few days since, however, he showed signs of improvement and has been recovering rapidly.

The year 1902 is emphatically farmers' year in south central and south-western Nebraska. The threshing period, which has been in progress more than six weeks past, is not yet finished and the record of phenomenal yields reported early in the season has been more than sustained throughout. Forty-five bushels per acre is an ordinary yield. Fifty is quite common, and over fifty-three is not infrequent. The berries are large, sound and more than weight out. While the acreage has been enormous, a larger proportion of land will be put into what this fall than ever.

DON'T LIKE SURRENDER.

Kruger is Reported to Be Still Clinging to Hope of Republic.

Rumor is Current at the Hague That Utrecht Conference Was So Much Stormy.

Utrecht, Holland.—(Special).—The Boer generals, Botha, Dewet and De la Rey, accompanied by Dr. Leyds and Messrs. Fischer, Wolmarans and Rietz and others, arrived here from the Hague to visit former President Kruger and consult with him on the South African situation.

The Hague.—(Special).—The conference at Utrecht between the Boer generals, the Boer delegates and Mr. Kruger lasted three hours. According to some reports it was rather stormy. At the end of an hour and a half the delegates withdrew, leaving Dewet, De la Rey and Botha with Mr. Kruger. Little is given out as to what took place, but it is understood that the generals found the former president of the Transvaal in no way inclined to acquiesce in British dominion in South Africa, and still clinging to the idea of United South Africa under the Boer flag. Mr. Kruger is even said to have bitterly upbraided the generals for giving up Boer independence.

CAPE PARLIAMENT ASSEMBLES. Cape Town.—(Special).—The Cape parliament has assembled. Sir Walter Hely-Hutchinson, governor of the colony, announced in a speech that martial law would be removed on the passage of a bill indemnifying the governor and all persons imprisoned for acts committed under martial law.

Bills were introduced in parliament covering unavoidable infractions of the law causing delay in summoning parliament, condoning illegal expenditures incurred for the suppression of the rebellion, prohibiting the immigration of Asiatics other than British subjects, prohibiting the sale of intoxicants to the aborigines and providing for the segregation of the natives. Bills were also introduced for numerous local works, roads, railroads, harbors, irrigation, etc., and the contribution of an additional \$100,000 to the imperial navy.

The governor expressed his belief that the expansion in trade would justify the increases in revenue and in conclusion he urged a policy of reconciliation and discussion of all measures in a spirit of moderation.

Attention for the discussion of the constitution for Cape Colony last May was followed by the resignation from the Cape Colony cabinet of Dr. J. W. Smart, minister of public works. Joseph Chamberlain, the British colonial secretary, referring in the house of commons, June 9, to the demand for the suspension of the constitution of the colony, says he had received a petition from forty-two members of the Cape parliament for its suspension. This suspension was not granted, for early in July Lord Milner, British high commissioner in South Africa, received a dispatch at Cape Town announcing that the imperial government had decided against the proposal to suspend the constitution. The Cape parliament was summoned to meet August 20.

RUMORS CHAFFEE WILL BE SUCCEEDED.

Washington, D. C.—(Special).—According to Manila papers received at the war department there was a report current that General George W. Davis would succeed General Chaffee in command of the division, that General Davis would not serve very long but after a few months would return to the United States and be succeeded by General Bates, who is now in command of the department of the Missouri. It stated that Bates' excellent knowledge of the Moros and his acquaintance with many of the leading sultans and datus would be of great value in the campaign against the Moros, should it continue any length of time.

The same paper gives an account of the ravages of smallpox at Apari, in Northern Luzon, and reports that out of 1,700 cases eleven deaths have occurred. The ravages did not extend to the troops stationed in that vicinity.

Between June 25 and July 10 seventy-two deaths occurred among the enlisted men of the division of the Philippines. Of the total number of deaths thirty-five were due to Asiatic cholera. The war department received this information from General Chaffee at Manila, together with a list of those soldiers who had died. In addition to the thirty-five who died of cholera, seventeen died of dysentery, six of malarial fever and the remainder of various other diseases. Of those who died of cholera nine were Philippine scouts and natives.

The war department is advised of the sailing of the transport Klpatrick from Manila, P. I., August 17 for San Francisco with 518 casualties.

Behanding Is in His Ritual. Muskogee, I. T.—(Special).—James Hope, a Greek freedman and farmer living seventeen miles west of Eufrata, was lodged in jail here today, having confessed to the murder of his wife. Hope, according to his own story had forbidden his wife to join a secret society, but she ignored his command, and last night became a member. When she returned from the lodge meeting Hope met her with an axe at the door of her home, attacked her and chopped her head off.

RACE PROBLEM IN SOUTH AFRICA.

London.—(Special).—Mail advices received here from Johannesburg indicate that the negro problem is growing more acute and is causing the authorities infinite worry.

To quote the words of one of the foremost South African authorities: "On the action of the natives depends the whole future of the new colonies—whether the Boers will loyally accept British rule or continue in a state of sullen resentment. Among the immediate dangers native attacks on Boers returning to their farms and attempts of natives to assault white women, are threatening to lead to serious conflicts between Boers and blacks.

"Under the old regime the crude but simple retribution for assaults on women was shooting on sight. Now, however, there is no legislation on the subject and the English authorities are hesitating to enact laws until all the parties concerned can voice their opinions.

"The hesitancy to deal summarily with the natives is causing both Boers and Afrikaners intense irritation and encourages the blacks to truculent defiance.

"Another phase of the problem is the unwillingness of the blacks to forego their lazy existence in the concentration camps, where thousands were gathered during the war, and far more serious is the fact that a great number of blacks in the country have managed to secure arms.

"There is, therefore, the anomalous situation of unarmed whites and armed blacks living in proximity on outlying farms. Experienced British colonials strongly favor universal disarmament of the natives and prompt legislation making assaults on women a capital offense."

PRACTICE AT FORT RILEY KANSAS.

Washington, D. C.—(Special).—An order was issued at the war department directing the mobilization of a mixed division of regulars and militia, on the large reservation at Fort Riley, Kan. The governors of all the states were invited to send a contingent of the various state forces to participate in the maneuvers, but for want of appropriations and various other causes, very few of the states found themselves able at this late date to participate.

Arkansas will send one battalion of infantry, Kansas two regiments of infantry and two batteries of field artillery, and Nebraska two regiments of infantry. A number of governors of states have signified their intention to send officers to witness the maneuvers and hope that they may be able in future years to furnish organizations to take part in such practical work, which will be of great benefit to all participating.

It is expected that President Roosevelt will review the troops participating in the maneuvers, but the date of the review has not been determined definitely.

The regular contingent of the division will go into camp at Fort Riley, September 20 and will be followed by the state organizations September 29. It is intended to continue joint maneuvers for a period of ten days after the division is organized. In order not to interfere with the current work of the various department headquarters a special division staff has been detailed to report to Major General John C. Bates, who has been assigned to the command of the division during the maneuvers.

SEEK TO PREVENT THE CORNERS.

Chicago, Ill.—(Special).—In an effort to devise a plan for preventing a recurrence of corners in oats and corn such as those of last month, directors and officers of the Illinois Grain Dealers' association held a conference here. The members said that some satisfactory arrangements would be made before the end of the meeting. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that the association should ask the directors of the board of trade to assist the grain dealer in their crisis by making a commercial basis of difference in prices "by which grain grading below contract grades may be applied at a uniform difference on such grain grading below such contract grades."

A BABY CALLS OUT THE TROOPS

Shenandoah, Pa.—(Special).—At midnight Superintendent Hayes of the Pennsylvania colliery at Morea called up headquarters and asked General Gobin to send troops to that place. He said that the foreigners were on the streets discharging firearms and that he feared an attack on the nonunion firemen and engineers was contemplated.

The governor's troop was dispatched to the place, but the turbulence of the crowd had subsided somewhat in the meantime and when the cavalry arrived on the scene there was comparatively quiet.

An investigation of the affair showed that the Hungarians had been celebrating a christening and that on their way to their homes the men were giving vent to their enthusiasm by yelling and shooting off revolvers.

Fuel Famine Threatened.

Pittsburg, Pa.—(Special).—The Post says that a fuel famine is threatened for the mills in this district and 50,000 tons may be thrown into enforced idleness through the lack of coal and coke. The trouble comes from a scarcity of engines to move the loaders cars. It is reported that on the sidings of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad leading into Pittsburg from the coal and coke region there are nearly 5,000 loaded cars. Many of these are said to have been ready for shipment for a week or more.

Drowns His Four Children.

Salina, Kan.—(Special).—Joseph Anderson, a farmer living east of Salina, in a fit of despondency today drowned his four children, three girls and a boy, in a cistern, and then shot himself with a revolver. Financial matters had affected his mind. The crime was committed during the absence of the mother. The oldest child was six years old and the youngest a babe of four months. Anderson left a note on a table in the parlor notifying the mother that the children could be found in the cistern.

THE COMBINE IS A FACT.

Representative of Armour Company Says Combination is Assured.

Takes in all the Big Companies, and Official Notice is Expected in a Few Days.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 26.—The Omaha Bee is authority for the statement that a well known employe of the Armour Packing company was in South Omaha, having just returned from the east, and he said to a reporter that the combination of the packers had been perfected and that the official announcement would be made within the next few days.

"The Cudahy company," said this official, "has decided to enter the combination and will meet the advances offered by the Armour and others. This will mean a consolidation of all of the packing interests in South Omaha and a consequent reduction of expenses in a number of departments."

Continuing, the representative of Armour said: "Of course denials have been made about the transfer of the Cudahy property, but it was done for the reason that the negotiations were not fairly under way. Now that the deal is practically consummated, the official information will be given out within the next few days."

When asked about the demand made by the meat butchers for an increase in wages this official said that the chances were that no decision would be reached for a few days, as the matter had been taken under advisement.

There is some speculation here as to the result of the combination in regard to the market, as it was asserted by those who were on the inside that the packers would set the market price before leaving their offices in the morning, and that this might possibly work to the detriment of the shippers.

Indications point to the fact that it will be several days before the big packing combination will be formed, but there seems to be no doubt here that the packing houses of South Omaha will soon be under one management.

TRUSTS ARE MENACE TO GOVERNMENT.

New York, Aug. 27.—Combinations of all industries are a menace to the government. Not only so, but they are the oppressors of the people. The American people will revolt against them, and there will be financial ruin the like of which this country has never seen—or any other.

This is what Russell Sage said when he was shown a statement quoting J. Pierpont Morgan as saying that the era of great trusts had just begun and that more gigantic corporations were stored in the near future, some which might overshadow the stock trust.

"When several industries are starting out in business," Mr. Sage continued, "it is well for individuals to combine for mutual protection until the business is firmly established. When the business is so established the combination should be disrupted and conducted on individual lines. Then if one individual becomes embarrassed it would not mean the wrecking of the industry. I believe it is best to have such industries divided among several individuals than combined into one great combination, the embarrassment of which would mean the ruin of all.

"Industries conducted along individual lines have many safeguards. Instead of but one source, each individual has several separate and distinct from others to apply to for aid during any trouble.

INDICATIONS OF A BIG SURPLUS.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 27.—Notwithstanding the fears of the treasury officials on account of the repeal of the war taxes and heavy appropriations by congress, they might soon be confronted with a deficit, no such thing is in sight now. Although the expenditures so far this year have exceeded the receipts by nearly \$10,000,000 the outlook now is favorable that by the end of the fiscal year all this will have been regained.

The receipts from customs duties during the six weeks of the current fiscal year have exceeded those of the corresponding period of the preceding year by several million dollars. Last year they were \$32,000,000, this year they are \$39,000,000. This increase is altogether unexpected. The officials of the treasury cannot account for it, nor can they do more than guess how long it will last. All calculations apparently have been upset. The figures showing a big deficit for the year have been laid aside.

Dies While His Band Played.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 26.—Samuel Pryor, founder of Pryor's band, died of a gastric disease. Prof. Pryor was one of the interesting characters of this city, 58 years of age, and had never performed a day's labor at anything but music. His band has held engagements in many of the largest cities of the country. In response to a request of the dying bandmaster his musicians played lively airs for him as he passed away, several pieces of his own composition.

Tribute to Late President.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Mayor Kniff has issued a proclamation suggesting that on Sunday, September 14, the first anniversary of the death of President McKinley, memorial services be held in all of the churches in Buffalo and that the city be draped with the flag of our country. He has appointed a committee to arrange for other special observances fitting the occasion. He further suggests that on the day following the anniversary special exercises be held in the public schools.

ADOPT ANTI TRUST RESOLUTIONS.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 27.—Although the discussion of the trust question and the later action of the resolution committee in ignoring the question has been regarded as the end of the consideration of that problem before the Transmississippi commercial congress, such proved not to be the case. When the congress was called to order for the closing session, J. J. Gardner of St. Louis secured the floor and moved the adoption of resolutions which he presented.

The resolutions adopted were as follows: Whereas, The trust system has been and is a menace to our republican institutions; and

Whereas, If allowed to continue to form combinations in restraint of trade and the elimination of competition, the wealth of the entire country will be concentrated in the hands of a few; and

Whereas, The said combinations are calculated to destroy the hope and ambition of the youth of the country; therefore be it

Resolved, By this congress that the president of the United States be respectfully urged to use all the power vested in his office to the end that the growing power and the influence of the trusts may be destroyed; and be it further

ANOTHER BIG TRUST IS PROPOSED.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 27.—The Times says: Charles D. Gates, president and general manager of the Turney, Day and Woolworth Hardware company, has returned from New York, where he conferred with capitalists who are promoting a \$25,000,000 trust to take in all the axe-manufacturers, handle-manufacturers, and grindstone factories in this country and Canada, the plants to be operated under one management.

Men of great wealth are interested in the project, which is to be financed by a big New York trust company to the extent of \$25,000,000, if necessary.

An offer of \$1,000,000 has been made for the Turney, Day & Woolworth plant, but Mr. Gates refused to discuss the matter further than to state:

"You can say that such a deal is on. You can say further, that a proposition has been made to this company, but as for discussing the matter in detail or its probable outcome, I cannot do so."

Despite Mr. Gates' unwillingness to talk, a reporter of the Times obtained the main facts concerning the deal, which it is stated on good authority has been practically consummated. Matters have so far progressed that options have been given on most of the plants desired.

APPOINTMENT IS EXPECTED SOON.

Rome, Aug. 27.—The vatican authorities have completed the collection of documents referring to the Philippine question for the use of the apostolic delegate at Manila and it is conjectured that his appointment is imminent.

A complete history of the negotiations on the subject of the friar lands is given, including a summary of the voluminous report of Mgr. Chappelle, the former papal delegate in the Philippines, and the full text of the notes exchanged between Governor Taft and the vatican.

Apple Growers to Organize.

St. Louis, Mo.—(Special).—About twenty-five apple growers of Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri, Indiana, Arkansas and Illinois are meeting here for the purpose of uniting the commercial apple growers into an organization to regulate the price of that fruit. J. H. Stanton said: "For years we have been handicapped by the fact that the apple buyers or jobbers have been able to dictate prices to us. Now, if we are the producers, why should we not have some voice in regulating the situation of prices? That is what we intend to organize for."

Rumor of Extra Session.

Washington, D. C.—(Special).—Information has been gathered disseminated that the president's southwest-north trip, which he intended to make after the A. R. engagement he would hold the week of October 6 would probably be abandoned. Those who trace the rumor back to quasi-official sources have not yet been let into the secret of the reason for this suggestion, but the general impression among them is that it has some bearing upon the Cuban reciprocity and that the president is preparing to remain here to renew the fight.

Bishop's Mother Caustic.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 27.—The Kentucky penitentiary mutiny incident was closed today by the burial of Wallace Bishop, the leader of the desperadoes. The body was interred in the prison graveyard at Thirtieth Hill. Warden Lillard received a letter from Mrs. C. E. Bishop of Hammond, Ind., mother of the dead man, saying: "Ken, truly I murdered my boy. Let her bury him. What is a lump of clay to an outraged, broken-hearted mother?"

Find Hugh Marshals Body.

Russellville, Ky., Aug. 27.—Hugh Marshall, the man who was accused of murdering Miss Zada, was found here, was found hanging in a barn about a mile from the scene of the crime. Decomposition had set in on the body and he had evidently been hanging for a day or so. It is not definitely known whether he hanged himself or was hanged by a mob, but it is thought by most persons that he killed himself. He was found by W. C. Elyan in his barn near the scene of the murder.

HISTORY OF LABOR DAY.

Monday, September 1st, the Day Set Aside by Law for the Laboring Man.

The Late Representative Amos J. Cummings of New York Championed the Bill Through Congress.

Washington, D. C.—(Special).—As next Monday is Labor day the bureau of statistics has furnished the press some interesting information concerning labor's great annual holiday.

Labor day originated in the United States in 1882. On September 5 of that year, the general assembly of the order of the Knights of Labor assembled in New York City, and on the same day the various local labor organizations had a picnic, afterwards holding a picnic at which enthusiastic addresses were delivered by prominent labor leaders.

At that time the Knights of Labor of that city were not working openly, the name of the order being kept secret, but under different names their assemblies were represented in the central labor body, and the coming of the general assembly to the metropolis was a subject for discussion at several meetings previous to the opening of the convention. When the general assembly was opened a communication was read from the secretary of the New York central labor body, Matthew McGuire, inviting the members to view the parade from the grand stand at Union Square.

A recess was taken in order to comply with the request and the members of the assembly witnessed the first Labor day parade.

During the time that the various organizations were passing the grand stand, Robert Price of Lonaconing, Md., turned to a leader of the Knights of Labor, Richard Griffiths, and said: "This is Labor day in earnest, Uncle Dick." Whether that was the first time the term had been used is not known, but the event was afterwards referred to as "the labor day parade."

The next year the various labor organizations of New York city paraded on the first Monday in September, and the following year, when the central labor body had the question of another parade up for discussion, George K. Lloyd, a Knight of Labor, offered a resolution declaring the first Monday in September to be Labor day. The resolution was adopted, and steps were at once taken to have the New York legislature enact a law making the first Monday in September a legal holiday.

The idea and its agitation extended to other states with the most gratifying results. It grew step by step, until prior to the passage of the law by congress in 1894, the first Monday in September had been made a legal holiday by twenty-two states of the union.

While the idea and its agitation started in New York City, much credit for the first formal movement, belongs to Chicago. Andrew Cameron, representing the central labor body of that city at the convention of the Federation of Organized Trades and Labor Unions of the United States and Canada (now the American Federation of Labor) held in Columbus, Ohio, in 1886, introduced a resolution calling upon congress, the legislatures and municipalities of the country to enact legislation making "the first Monday in September a day of rest devoted to the recreation of the sons of toil."

The question made its appearance in congress in 1892 when "Larry" McCann, representing a Chicago district and holding the chairmanship of the house committee on labor and education, introduced a measure creating a national holiday for labor; but it did not get beyond the primary stage.

In 1894, Representative Amos J. Cummings of New York took hold of the matter in the house with Senator Kyle of South Dakota in the senate. They introduced a bill making the first Monday in September a legal holiday throughout the union—Labor day. The bill was immediately reported from the senate without amendment, and was passed without opposition, being signed by Governor Cleveland and becoming a law on June 28, 1894.

BIG REDUCTION IN GRAIN RATES.

St. Paul, Minn.—(Special).—The general reduction in grain rates from Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota to Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, Milwaukee and Chicago, according to an agreement reached at the Great Northern building, went into effect August 23.

The Milwaukee and the Northwest-ern agreed to print a joint tariff on the scale of rates which Mr. Hill proposed for the Great Northern, which was approved by the Northern Pacific. The reductions average from 3 to 12 cents per 100 pounds of grain shipped. The reductions were not horizontal, but fluctuated according to conditions.

On Long Leave of Absence.

San Francisco, Cal.—(Special).—Ho Yow, consul general for China at the port of San Francisco, has sent out a formal notice that he is about to take an extended leave of absence. He does not indicate that he intends returning to this coast. He is heavily interested in commercial enterprises, which will occupy him for two years or more, and he expects at that time, in the event of his not permanently quitting the diplomatic service of his country, to be assigned to some other consulate.

Town Totally Destroyed.

Guayaquil, Ecuador.—(Special).—The town of Babahoy, capital of the province of Loja, was totally destroyed yesterday. A fire steamer left here last night with firemen and engines to assist in fighting the flames, but the vessel arrived too late. Much merchandise from Guayaquil, in transit to the interior, was burned. Babahoy or Bogadas is seventy miles from Guayaquil, Ecuador, on the Guayas river, on which Guayaquil is also situated. It has a population of about 2,000.

Township to Operate Road.

Onoga, Kan.—(Special).—The Kansas & Southern railway, operating between Elaine and Westmoreland, a distance of ten miles, has been placed in the hands of receivers on application of the Rock Creek township board because the owners, Kansas City capitalists, had discharged its employees and given notice that operations would be suspended indefinitely. Heretofore unlimited quantities could be purchased at \$25 a ton, but today the majority of the dealers were asking \$35 a ton, and some of them wanted \$40.

WILL NOT REVISE THE TARIFF.

Washington, D. C.—(Special).—Representative Cannon of Illinois, chairman of the house committee on appropriations, is in Washington on his way from the Massachusetts coast, where he was a guest of Secretary Moody on the Dolphin.

"Will you promise your people in the campaign this summer that congress will revise the tariff at the next session?" he was asked by a reporter.

"No, no," replied Mr. Cannon. "Why should I make such a promise? There is nothing sacred about the present tariff schedule, but it is always demoralizing to business to have congress begin the work of revising the tariff. The manufacturer waits to see what will be the result, working only on orders, the merchant buys only what he feels certain he can sell, and the ordinary consumer buys only what he needs. Everybody waits to see what will be changed or what the changes will be. It always means at least a year of uncertainty, and I don't believe the people of this country want a year of uncertainty just now to check the prosperity we have."

"The tariff will be revised some time, but not at the next session of congress or by the succeeding congress, unless there is a check to the present prosperity. The people of the country, so far as I have been able to learn, are not anxious for a revision of the tariff. They are anxious to continue their business affairs without interruption caused by a long discussion in congress as to what changes should be made. I don't think it will be necessary to give much attention to this question in the present campaign."

MUTINY IN A KENTUCKY PRISON.

Frankfort, Ky.—(Special).—Fired by a desire to gain their freedom, Wallace Bishop and Thomas Mulligan of Kenton county and Lafayette Brooks of Morgan county, all murderers and desperate criminals, made a futile attempt to escape from the state penitentiary here this morning and as a result Bishop is dead at the hospital with a bullet wound in his breast, Brooks is shot through the shoulder and Alfred Ransome, colored, a 7-year-old murderer, who far a few moments essayed to follow the three leaders, is suffering from a wound in his shoulder. The mutiny, which lasted for four and a half hours and ended in an ignominious surrender by the convicts, caused great excitement within the prison and among the people of Frankfort.

The convicts chose what they considered a most propitious time for their outbreak. Selecting the breakfast hour for their dash for liberty, when they hoped to stampede a large number of prisoners, they overpowered the guard with their pistols, captured Charles Willis, a foreman of the reed department of the chair factory, and using him as a shield, entrenched themselves in a room, where they defied the officials. It was not until they discovered that Warden Eph Lillard intended to starve them out that they decided to surrender.

Ransome was shot by Eph Lillard, while the men were entrenched. Bishop was wounded as he was surrendering, because when told to hold up his hands he attempted to put one of them in his pockets as though reaching for a weapon, and Brooks was wounded by a stray ball at the time Bishop fell.

HEAVY ON THE OLEO DEALERS.

Washington, D. C.—(Special).—The commissioner of internal revenue has made a ruling that retail dealers who sell oleomargarine which paid a tax of 2 cents a pound must take out a license costing \$480 a year for wholesalers and \$48 a year for retailers, instead of \$200 and \$5, respectively.

The new law provides that dealers in oleomargarine who have paid a higher tax than one-fourth of 1 cent a pound must pay the higher license rate and as all oleomargarine was taxed 2 cents a pound prior to July 1, dealers must pay the maximum license rate. The only dealers who pay the minimum license rate of \$8 and \$200 a year are those who deal exclusively in oleomargarine which has paid the tax of one-quarter of a cent a pound.

PREPARE TO TAP THE PLATTE.

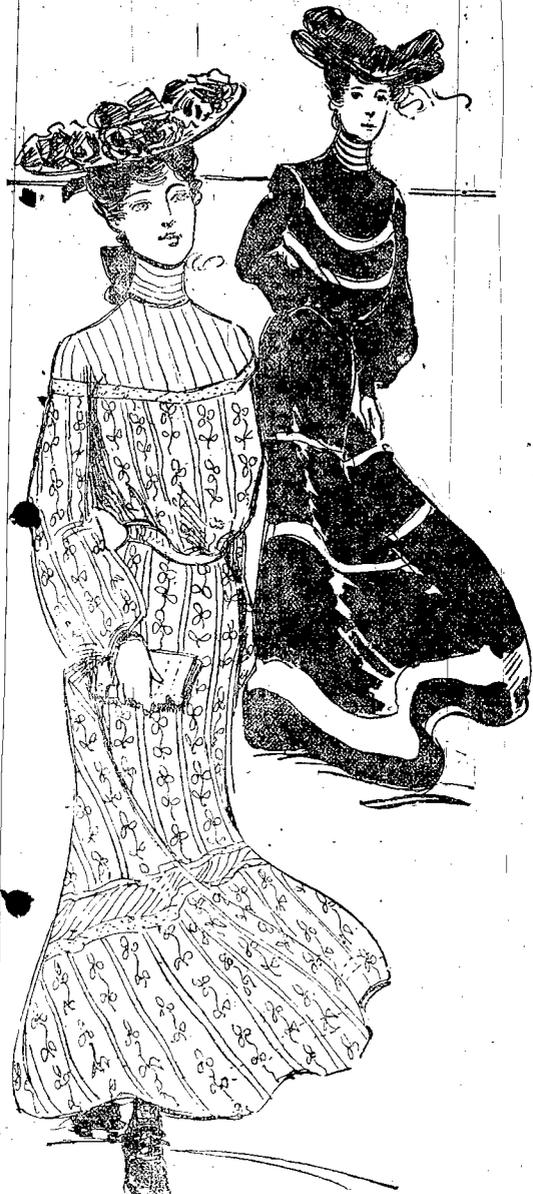
Sterling, Colo.—(Special).—A large corps of government surveyors has begun making a preliminary survey for a ditch to carry water from the Platte river to the great Pawnee reservoir, which, it is believed, the government will build. It will require from two to three weeks to complete the survey, and it is estimated the cost of the ditch will be fully \$1,000,000. The ditch will be seventy-five miles long, six feet deep, fifty feet wide at the bottom and seventy-five feet wide at the top.

From expressions made by members of the surveying party the impression is gained that the Pawnee basin has been practically decided upon as the site for one of the great national reservoirs.

Chicago Fears Coal Famine.

Chicago, Ill.—(Special).—An immediate hard coal famine threatens Chicago. There was not

A SWEET FROCK FOR SWEET SIXTEEN.



are tight at the top, gradually widening to the waist, where they are gathered to a batiste cuff. The stock is also of tucked batiste.

The little maid holding her dolly behind her has a charming frock of pink French lawn, with deep rose color in raised dots.

The skirt is very full, and has two rows of white lace insertion let in. The full blouse widest has two rows of insertion, let in around it above the waist line. The yoke is of white tucked lawn, finished at the front with narrow lace, and a heading through which is drawn narrow black velvet ribbon. The bertha ruffle, as also the flounce on the sleeves, are of pink lawn, embroidered with white. The sash is of black Liberty silk. White lace socks, and pink kid shoes are worn with the suit.

Another charming model shown is of sage green pongee and illustrates the popularity of this silk. A new departure which promises to remain in favor.

This frock is designed for a young girl, but the idea is also seen in long dresses. The tucks are laid from the waist down, very deep, and stitched down at the edges, hence, the skirt flares out very full. The hem is deeply turned up, and interlined, so that the many rows of stitching will show up well. The skirt is unlined. Above the hem are two bias stitched bands of the silk, and between them a lacing of narrow ribbon velvet in a much darker

SMART EARLY AUTUMN COAT.



Dressy little coat of black cloth, with collar bands and straps of white cloth, dotted with red. The sleeves are cut with a double bell, the coat being cut in an upward curve at the back to match. The coat is lined with white silk with red dots. The hat is of white silk folds with black wings, and red velvet bow.

shade of green. The blouse is also tucked, the round sailor collar and full sleeves being of the silk plain, but having bands and velvet lacing to match the skirt, as also the girdle. A loosely knotted scarf of green and white silk is tied under the collar. The chic sailor hat is of white stiff straw with band and bow of green satin ribbon.

The silk stockings match the frock and are embroidered with white. Another girl's costume illustrated is in natural pongee, embroidered with red, and having three stitched bands of red taffeta on the skirt, and one wide band on the square collar.

The white and red sailor hat is trimmed with white and red taffeta ribbon. I illustrate a handsome waist of taffeta, embroidered in open rings all over worn over a white chiffon blouse, with bands of black ribbon velvet down the front. The taffeta has revers of black velvet with deep stock of the same.

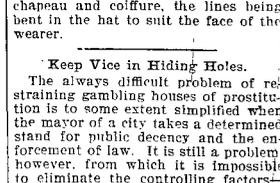
The pretty little coat pictured is made of fine light weight French cloth, lined with white triple tulle of white cloth, a fitted border of the same around the edge of the coat and double sleeves, also straps of the white on the coat and sleeves below the collar. All the white is hand dotted with red silk. The sleeve is rather short, with a double bell effect, curving upward at the back of the arm. The back of the coat curves upward in the middle in the same way.

The coat is lined with white satin and red dots. The hat is of folds of white silk, with fine red straw between a pair of large black wings running forward, finished at the back with a bow of red ribbon velvet.

The becoming picture had illustrated is a deep yellow straw, sewn on both sides of a frame, the deep front filled up with pink roses in various shades, and plenty of foliage, trails running round the hat, and falling over the turned-down brim at the back. A few flowers are massed under the brim at the back, falling on the loose curls.

This is a charming new style both in chapeau and coiffure, the lines being bent in the hat to suit the face of the wearer.

TWO CHARMING HATS.



1. This pretty simple hat is of white straw and silk braid, trimmed with a scarf of white Louisiana silk tucked and hemmed with black. It is drawn through four cut steel buckles, and tied in a wide bow with long ends at the back.

2. This becoming hat is of double yellow straw braid, bent to become the youthful face and loosely arranged hair. It is fully trimmed with shaded pink roses and foliage, a big cluster on the front and more under the turned down brim.

Nebraska Politics.

Excerpts From The Nebraska Independent, Lincoln, Nebraska, Made by Direction of the Populist State Central Committee

FIGURE JUGGLING

Railroad Tax Bureau Shows Loss of \$1,300 a Mile on K. C. N. W. in Nebraska—Poor Shows That Whole Road Earned \$620 a Mile Net

The Independent has believed all along that the figures given by the railroad tax bureau are correct, but thought that the object was simply to mystify the average taxpayer by an array of big figures and of the railway and his co-workers apparently have access to statistical information prepared especially for their own convenience. Much of it cannot be verified by reference to either the interstate commerce commission reports or to Poor's Manual. The following letter is self-explanatory:

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 15, 1902.—Mr. C. E. Williamson, Editor Pawnee Chief, Pawnee City, Neb.—Dear Sir: On the ready print side of your issue of July 24, 1902, appears one of the railway tax bulletins, "issued under authority of the railroads of Nebraska," which deserves especial attention inasmuch as it refers to a road which runs through your county—the Kansas City Northwestern, now controlled by the Missouri Pacific and a part of the Gould system.

According to the bulletin there are 20.1 (twenty and one-tenth) miles of this road in Nebraska. It starts at Virginia and has its terminus at Kansas City, Kas. That portion running through Pawnee and the surrounding country was originally the K. C. & B. from Virginia to Sumnerfield, Kas., but on January 1, 1897, it was merged into the K. C. N. W. In November, 1900, the M. P. secured control of the K. C. N. W. by exchanging \$2,332,500 of its bonds for a like amount of K. C. N. W. first mortgage bonds and all the K. C. N. W. stock.

Now, the bulletin shows that the road paid taxes as follows:

In Pawnee county.....	\$1,359.63
In Gage county.....	351.58
On 20.1 miles.....	\$2,711.21

Or a little over \$110 per mile. No date is given, but I assume it was the taxes of 1900 paid in 1901, as most of the tax bureau tables are for that year. The bulletin then pretends to give a statement of income for the Nebraska mileage, presumably for the same year as the taxes. It is as follows:

Gross earnings.....	\$10,519.14
Operating expenses.....	27,431.25
Loss from operation.....	\$26,912.21

This would be at the rate of \$1,338 loss for each mile of road in Pawnee and Gage counties, in addition to the \$110 taxes per mile. I don't know where the tax bureau got its figures, but it is very evident that some smooth juggling has been done somewhere. It is simply a trick of book-keeping whereby the entire earnings of a road could be credited to a mile if they chose to do so, and similarly the entire operating expenses could be charged up to some other mile. There are statistics obtainable for this line, which extends over 174.13 miles, and which has 12 rights over 12.48 miles of leased lines.

According to Poor's Manual for 1901 and the report of the interstate commerce commission the income account of the K. C. N. W. for the year ending June 30, 1900, was as follows:

Gross earnings.....	\$4,709
Operating expenses.....	397,771
Net earnings.....	\$107,928

This would give net earnings of \$619.87 for every mile of line both in Nebraska and Kansas. The Nebraska mileage amounts to 15.4 per cent of the entire line operated, and 11.54 per cent of the income above set forth would be as follows:

Gross earnings.....	\$47,972.32
Operating expenses.....	25,516.77
Net earnings.....	\$12,455.05

Every mile of the K. C. N. W. in Virginia to Kansas City earned \$619.87 net in the year named, yet by a slight juggle of the figures the 20 miles in Nebraska caused a loss of \$1,338.91. Is it wise to place much confidence in such statements? Possibly the tax bureau of Kansas has the figures for the Kansas end of the road also operated at a loss. It could be done very nicely by throwing the bulk of the gross earnings to the credit of the Nebraska end.

The tax bureau method of giving statistics amounts to a laborious man keeping a debit and credit account with his fingers and other parts of his body. He earns, say \$1.50 a day. "My right thumb earned 25 cents of that," he declares, "my right fore finger earned 20 cents; my left thumb earned 15 cents; my right middle finger earned 20 cents; the other fingers earned 10 cents each. It cost me \$1.25 cents 'operating expense' for each finger and thumb." Of course some of his fingers show net earnings and others net loss—but the man himself is the net.

It is just the same with the K. C. N. W.—the whole road must be taken into account, and it had net earnings of nearly \$620 a mile. CHARLES Q. DEFRANCO

A GUIDE TO VALUES

What the Wall Street Journal Says About Railroads Having Lines in Nebraska

The Wall Street Journal, published by Dow, Jones & Co. at 42-44 Broad street, New York, is a newspaper of wide circulation among investors and speculators. It gives the latest and

most reliable news regarding stocks and bonds, quotations, railroad reports of earnings, etc. One page in particular is of interest to the people of Nebraska who have been surfeited with tax bulletins. It is headed "A Guide to Values: What Leading Railroad Shares Are Now Worthing." The independent quotes figures from the issue of August 7, 1902.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY, 1901. 11 months gross, \$49,315,500; \$45,993,031. 11 months net, \$18,409,326; \$16,341,811. The 1902 gross earnings show an increase of \$3,255,469 over the 11 months period last year. Net earnings show increase of \$2,064,715. For the year ending 1901, the floating debt, what was left of the gross earnings after paying operating expenses, interest on bonds, and taxes) was \$7,785,038; this is equal to 7.03 per cent on the stock (\$111,142,800).

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC, 1901. April gross, \$2,119,177; \$1,872,327. April net, \$10,408; 607,583. Increases: Gross, \$146,240; net, \$2,825. For the fiscal year ending March 31, 1902, the Rock Island surplus was \$7,229,241, which was a little better than 12 per cent of the \$60,000,000 of stock then outstanding. Stock is now increased to \$75,000,000; and \$24,000,000 of 4 per cent bonds have been issued for purchase of Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf road, running through Arkansas and Louisiana. Strange to say the Rock Island's operating expenses in Nebraska were more than its gross earnings, and in Iowa it barely managed to get through without loss; yet somehow a mystery of railroad bookkeeping the road managed to put up 12 per cent returns on its stock.

CHL. ST. P., MINN. & OMAHA, 1902. 1901. 4 months gross, \$3,623,334; \$3,190,132. An increase of \$433,751 in gross earnings. For the fiscal year 1901 the road's net surplus was \$2,739,250; equal to 9 per cent on preferred and 9 per cent on common stock. Amount of preferred stock, \$11,259,912; common \$18,559,034.

MISSOURI PACIFIC, 1902. 1901. 5 months gross, \$14,450,871; \$14,029,879. 5 months net, \$4,233,740; \$4,722,585. Gross earnings increased \$490,922 and net earnings decreased \$688,845 in the five months, showing that this road is "paying its dividends to the property." The surplus for the Missouri Pacific must be making some valuable improvements and charging the cost to operating expense. For the fiscal year 1901 the Missouri Pacific surplus was \$7,478,522; equal to 9.8 per cent on its \$76,050,000 of stock.

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM, 1902. 1901. 11 months gross, \$43,639,339; \$39,964,132. 11 months net, \$20,270,065; \$17,326,239. Increases: Gross, \$3,675,707; net, \$2,943,676. Fiscal year 1901 left a surplus of \$12,157,768, which was equal to 10 per cent of the \$120,000,000 of preferred stock and \$3 per cent on the \$104,052,900 of common stock.

THE STATE DEBT

How Nebraska Came to Have a Floating Debt of Nearly Two Millions—Statistics for a Period of Years.

Prior to the year 1881 the law relative to the registration of warrants required the state treasurer to exact 10 per cent of the value of the registered warrant, but there was a provision that permitted the holder of a warrant to present it for payment, and in the event it could not be paid right then, he could have it stamped with the endorsement, "Not paid for want of funds, and it might be presented for the interest on the unpaid balance. The essential difference between such a warrant and one registered was that the registered warrant must be called and paid in its proper order when sufficient funds accumulated to meet it; but the other form remained "in force" until called, and the holder saw fit to keep it; there was no provision of law for calling and paying it, and the result was that large warrants after being properly stamped were sold in the east and held there indefinitely drawing 7 per cent interest. Time went on and the situation grew more and more serious. The registered and the unregistered, unregistered, but stamped warrants to be presented for registration, and if not so presented interest would cease on the date named. Since that time the unregistered stamped warrant nuisance has ceased.

On Mar. 31, 1902, the total amount of outstanding general fund warrants was \$1,925,521.23. This is the floating debt of the state—the problem which has been bothering a great many people, and one which must be solved in the near future—although it is evidently the work of some one in a spirit of malice. A self-binding reaper was entirely destroyed.

The body of John McNeal, aged 60, was found in a skiff near Paducah, Ky. He was known from Pittsburg to the Mississippi as "Sailor Jack." It is believed he died from heart disease while alone in his craft.

Sir Henry Irving has arranged for the next appearance of his company in London at the historic Drury Lane theater.

Immense pictures are already being painted to be used in the next presidential campaign, representing Roosevelt charging up San Juan hill at the head of the Rough Riders all mounted on prancing steeds. Yet everybody of intelligence knows that the Rough Riders left their horses at Tampa, Fla., and that neither they nor Roosevelt was ever nearer than half a mile of San Juan hill, which was captured by the regular troops, and the officer who led the charge, Colonel Wykoff, was killed.

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PHILIPPINE SITUATION.

Cholera and Ladronee Continue to Destroy at Intervals.

Manila, Aug. 27.—Official cholera statistics show a total to date of 25,664 cases and 13,040 deaths. The actual number of cases and deaths is greatly in excess of the official list. There were but eight cases reported last Saturday. In some of the provinces of Luzon the cholera situation is bad. Four hundred and fourteen cases and 317 deaths were reported from the province of Ilocos Norte last Saturday.

Ten members of the native constabulary were ambushed last Tuesday at a point near Magdalena, in the province of Sorsogon, Luzon, by a band of sixty ladronees. The latter were armed with rifles and bolos and a desperate fight at close range took place. One member of the constabulary was killed, two were wounded and three were captured. Seventy constabulary have taken the field in pursuit of the ladronees.

GOVERNOR TAFT DEFENDS HIS COURSE IN APPOINTING FORMER INSURGENTS TO OFFICE.

Manila, Aug. 27.—The defense in the Freedom section case has called Governor Taft as a witness to show that many former insurgent leaders who were guilty of various offenses not recognized by the law of war have been appointed to civil positions.

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GOVERNOR TAFT HAS RESUMED THE GOVERNORSHIP OF THE ARCHIPELAGO, RELIEVED LUKE E. WRIGHT, WHO HAS BEEN ACTING GOVERNOR DURING TAFT'S ABSENCE. COMMISSIONER WRIGHT IS PREPARING TO VISIT THE U. S.

MRS. CHAFFETTES IS SAFE.

Manila, Aug. 27.—Mrs. Chaffet, who has been seriously ill for the past week, is now improving and is out of all danger.

HIGHER PAY FOR THE OPERATORS.

St. Paul, Aug. 27.—Four hundred telegraph operators—one-half of the force employed by the Northern Pacific railroad will get an increase in wages September 1. An order increasing the minimum salaries in amount from \$2.50 to \$10 per month was issued by the company Saturday.

This action, which was voluntary, will add \$25,000 to the payroll of the company and affects operators alone (the entire system).

O. C. Greene, superintendent of telegraph of the Northern Pacific, when asked about the order stated that it was entirely voluntary on the part of the company and was decided upon without the least agitation on the part of the employees. The increase from \$2.50 to \$10 will be graded, Superintendent Greene said, according to the amount of business done at the respective stations.

RATES FOR THE OLD VETERANS.

Chicago, Ill.—(Special.)—Representatives of the Central Passenger association has adopted the report of the special committee appointed some time ago to fix a plan for issuance of excursion tickets to New York during the period when the Grand Army of the Republic excursion rates are to be effective. This report recommended a 1-cent-a-mile rate to be made from all points within the Central Passenger association territory to New York and return. The rates have been offered to the roads in the Western Passenger association territory for basing purposes. The cheap rates to New York were demanded by the roads having western connections which do not reach Washington directly.

What Awakend Wichita.

Wichita, Kan., Aug. 27.—Hundreds of farmers are fleeing from the waters of the Cottonwood river, leaving behind their deluged farms and flooded homes. The river has been rising steadily for a week and great damage is now resulting. Some farms have been under water twenty-six hours, causing serious destruction to crops. The Neosho river is entirely out of its banks below its junction with the Cottonwood. The Santa Fe railroad is troubled much with washouts and has discontinued running some of its passenger trains.

Another Tale From Kansas.

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Cholera and Ladronee Continue to Destroy at Intervals.

Manila, Aug. 27.—Official cholera statistics show a total to date of 25,664 cases and 13,040 deaths. The actual number of cases and deaths is greatly in excess of the official list. There were but eight cases reported last Saturday. In some of the provinces of Luzon the cholera situation is bad. Four hundred and fourteen cases and 317 deaths were reported from the province of Ilocos Norte last Saturday.

Ten members of the native constabulary were ambushed last Tuesday at a point near Magdalena, in the province of Sorsogon, Luzon, by a band of sixty ladronees. The latter were armed with rifles and bolos and a desperate fight at close range took place. One member of the constabulary was killed, two were wounded and three were captured. Seventy constabulary have taken the field in pursuit of the ladronees.

GOVERNOR TAFT DEFENDS HIS COURSE IN APPOINTING FORMER INSURGENTS TO OFFICE.

Manila, Aug. 27.—The defense in the Freedom section case has called Governor Taft as a witness to show that many former insurgent leaders who were guilty of various offenses not recognized by the law of war have been appointed to civil positions.

GOVERNOR TAFT GAVE TESTIMONY TO THE EFFECT THAT MANY FORMER INSURGENTS HAD BEEN APPOINTED, BUT THAT THEY HAD PROVED HONEST, STRAIGHTFORWARD AND EARNEST. HE SAID THAT SOME OF THEM HAD BEEN GUILTY OF MURDER FROM AMERICAN STANDARDS, BUT THAT FROM THEIR OWN STANDPOINT THEY UNDOUBTEDLY BELIEVED THEIR CONDUCT OF THE WAR TO HAVE BEEN LEGITIMATE. GOVERNOR TAFT SAID THAT HE HAD FOUND THESE APPOINTEES TO BE LOYAL AND THAT THEY WERE NOT CHOSEN BECAUSE THEY HAPPENED TO BE INSURGENT GENERALS, BUT BECAUSE THEY WERE MEN OF INFLUENCE AMONG THEIR PEOPLE. HE SAID THE EXPERIENCE OF THE CIVIL AUTHORITIES AMONG THESE MEN HAD BEEN MOST SATISFACTORY.

GOVERNOR TAFT HAS RESUMED THE GOVERNORSHIP OF THE ARCHIPELAGO, RELIEVED LUKE E. WRIGHT, WHO HAS BEEN ACTING GOVERNOR DURING TAFT'S ABSENCE. COMMISSIONER WRIGHT IS PREPARING TO VISIT THE U. S.

MRS. CHAFFETTES IS SAFE.

Manila, Aug. 27.—Mrs. Chaffet, who has been seriously ill for the past week, is now improving and is out of all danger.

HIGHER PAY FOR THE OPERATORS.

St. Paul, Aug. 27.—Four hundred telegraph operators—one-half of the force employed by the Northern Pacific railroad will get an increase in wages September 1. An order increasing the minimum salaries in amount from \$2.50 to \$10 per month was issued by the company Saturday.

This action, which was voluntary, will add \$25,000 to the payroll of the company and affects operators alone (the entire system).

O. C. Greene, superintendent of telegraph of the Northern Pacific, when asked about the order stated that it was entirely voluntary on the part of the company and was decided upon without the least agitation on the part of the employees. The increase from \$2.50 to \$10 will be graded, Superintendent Greene said, according to the amount of business done at the respective stations.

RATES FOR THE OLD VETERANS.

Chicago, Ill.—(Special.)—Representatives of the Central Passenger association has adopted the report of the special committee appointed some time ago to fix a plan for issuance of excursion tickets to New York during the period when the Grand Army of the Republic excursion rates are to be effective. This report recommended a 1-cent-a-mile rate to be made from all points within the Central Passenger association territory to New York and return. The rates have been offered to the roads in the Western Passenger association territory for basing purposes. The cheap rates to New York were demanded by the roads having western connections which do not reach Washington directly.

What Awakend Wichita.

Wichita, Kan., Aug. 27.—Hundreds of farmers are fleeing from the waters of the Cottonwood river, leaving behind their deluged farms and flooded homes. The river has been rising steadily for a week and great damage is now resulting. Some farms have been under water twenty-six hours, causing serious destruction to crops. The Neosho river is entirely out of its banks below its junction with the Cottonwood. The Santa Fe railroad is troubled much with washouts and has discontinued running some of its passenger trains.

Another Tale From Kansas.

Emporia, Kan., Aug. 27.—Hundreds of farmers are fleeing from the waters of the Cottonwood river, leaving behind their deluged farms and flooded homes. The river has been rising steadily for a week and great damage is now resulting. Some farms have been under water twenty-six hours, causing serious destruction to crops. The Neosho river is entirely out of its banks below its junction with the Cottonwood. The Santa Fe railroad is troubled much with washouts and has discontinued running some of its passenger trains.

Early Fall Opening

Commencing Monday, Sept. 1st, and Continuing

ALL THE WEEK

A Beautiful line of Pattern and Street Hats
Fine Dress Goods and Silks.
Special line of Waistings and Shirtings
Cloaks, Suits and Shirt Waists

On Wednesday, Sept. 3d, we begin a
SPECIAL GLOVE SALE

While in the market we purchased a line of manufacturers' samples. These gloves come in all the new shades and blacks. The prices run all the way from \$10.50 to \$16.50 per dozen.

On Wednesday We Place the Entire Lot on Sale at

79C PER PAIR

Be on hand early and get the best at

Wayne, Neb. AHERN'S.

BY DAD.

At last, by dad, Jim Britton has got down to real labor. Yesterday he borrowed a hatchet and proceeded to cut down some gigantic sunflowers that were beginning to shade the opera house. After hacking one down Jim straightened up and remarked that, "George Washington was all right when he cut down a cherry tree, but if he had kept on at it he'd been a damphool."

Charley Martin says: "By dad, if you want to have a little fun why don't you advertise the opera house as lost in the weed's between the German store and standpipe and a liberal reward for its recovery." That's all right for fun, but the thing might be a serious affair, for if the detectives went after it I fear they would take "Tammany Hall" by mistake and claim a reward for finding something that Robt. Baird says he can't lose.

Frank Kruger says that if he keeps on digging cellars by next spring he'll be able to wear W. O. Gamble's clothes. By dad, he may wear W. O.'s clothes, but say, can he take W. O.'s place on the farm?

These million dollar rains may do in—Texas, but, by dad, the don't have any fair streets—in—Texas.

That worn out phrase, "Go way back and sit down," is becoming somewhat of a chestnut and is being varied in different localities. Here is the way they say it at Winside, "Go in the rear and lay down." At Carroll they say, "Dig down the line and take it easy." C. St. P. M. & O. railroad boys put it this way "Break off two car lengths and take a sleeper." Altona is always trying to lead in everything and they say it thus: "Please will you retire and be seated." Hoskins don't like to be outdone in a little matter like this so they put it brief and say: "Back up and squat," with the accent on squat and at Wayne, well she don't take a back seat for anybody buttholers: "Arise! Come Forth! to the street fair."

County Superintendent Charlie Bright says they don't know such a thing as dull times up at the court house. He says that whenever it gets quiet up there three or four of them visit the county treasurer's office and incidentally make some remark about W. M. Gue's prowess as candidate for office. That is all that is necessary. Fred gives them all the excitement they need for the time being.

Fred Huebner, in "A Chicago Tramp," pleased his Wayne friends last evening at the opera house. At least, by dad, I presume they were pleased for during an affecting scene I distinctly heard three wet sobs coming from the direction of Messrs Bob Armstrong, Alex Williams and Charley Liedtke. It is just ten years ago this summer since Huebner, his wife and child—the lady now being somebody else's wife so I understand—played a week's engagement. Dead Shot Tomlinson was also here the same week with a quartette of coons and the coons gave a good show and it was free. Poor Huebner played to a losing house the first five nights and then made a deal with Dead Shot for the latter to ring off at 8:30 Saturday evening, but the colored vocalists had about a two-thousand audience that evening and the big medicine man failed to keep his word. Then about a dozen young fellows of the town commenced a regular Indian pow-wow in the street in an effort to drown out the coons and get the multitude to meander to the paid show, but this was hardly successful until it was announced that the opera

house was free to all. By dad, it didn't take long to get about 1500 people up there, standing room being at a premium. Then we passed the hat—for Huebner—getting something like fifty odd plunks. Huebner made the audience a neat little speech and all went merry as a marriage bell until Dead Shot got on his rostrum the next engagement and proceeded to hand out something warm to the destroyers of his Saturday night's business. He told, among other things, a humorous tale about trading the DEMOCRAT man a horse with a broken tail, a few years further back, and that we'd been broken up about it ever since. Under the needless persuasion of a few friends the writer bought a flask of oil—to put on the broken "tale"—and then had Dead Shot shot up before Square City's for selling medicine contrary to the statutes of the great state of Nebraska. This killed the d's't and he's been dead ever since that day—dead drunk. Times change in ten years, Huebner has a few wife and baby, now; and by dad, so have I.

NOTICE.

To the patrons of the Electric Light plant. Kindly use as few lights as possible during the time of our street fair Sept. 4-5-6 thanking you for past favors. HENRY LEV, Mayor.

A Bargain

In a 5 room house, with shrubbery, fruit trees, etc. Must be sold at once. E. F. SUREBEE.

R. J. Armstrong is selling his stock of hard coal at \$11 per ton. The Sioux City papers say it will be worth \$20 and "hard to get," so Bob is considerable of a philanthropist.

Charley Johnson is again suffering from the gout. Charley boards at the Capital restaurant and the spring chickens and fresh oysters were too many for him to kick off.

Miss C. M. White came over from Norfolk yesterday to visit the teachers' institute. She departed to her Wednesday night and the lecture was considered the best of her life.

Robt. Perrin is making a justifiable kick about the manner the city is taking care of Main street south of the railroad tracks. The water has no outlet from a depression near the Perrin hotel, and Robt. is getting very tired of the nuisance.

Miss Ona Alton returned Wednesday evening from her visit to Illinois. While at the old home where her daddy taught school a number of a century ago Miss Alton was asked to take part in a school exhibition by reciting her prize winning oration. Of course the young lady had forgotten it—couldn't sing without the music—her hands were equal to the occasion. They simply handed her a manuscript that "grew" in Nebraska, and the reciter of humorous lines were had to recite.

While walking past Mr. P. Ahern's residence Wednesday afternoon Miss Mary Mason was called by Mr. Ahern's dog, which was a German. The brute was joined by a dog belonging to Ted Perry and Miss Mason becoming badly frightened ran across the street, the dogs, being by two of three more quills, jumped and jumped onto her knees and down to the street and would have done her fatally injured had she not been rescued by Mr. P. Ahern's dog. Miss Mason was very badly bruised; her ankle sprained, and suffered so severely that she had to be carried to her home where Dr. Leisinger attended her injuries and it is hoped no serious results will follow. There are a number of bull dogs and other useless bounds in the north part of the city that if allowed to live should be secured with a chain.

Drink ale and porter at Mildner's.

Ale and Porter on tap at Mildner's W. A. Ivory, dentist, over-1st Nat. Bank. John Book was a visitor from Winside Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lueders visited in Winside Sunday.

Pat Minnihan is back from Iowa to stay here for a time.

Mrs. D. J. Cavanaugh was a visitor from Winside Saturday.

Fall Millinery opening—During the Carnival Sept. 4-5 and 6.

MISS H. WILKINSON.

Miss Jennie Bayer went to Chicago Monday for a two week's visit.

Dr. Seymour, eye specialist, at Norfolk at Oxnard hotel, Sept. 15 and 16.

Markets today—wheat corn 43, rye 33, barley 26, flax \$1.19. Excellent imported Spanish port Give your order to Herman Mildner.

Heckert, dentist over P. L. Miller's. Fine residence property for sale. R. H. James.

Mrs. John McGinty visited at Winside Wednesday night.

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R. Phillo is better today from a serious attack of inflammation of the bowels.

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Mr. and Mrs. W. A. K. Neely attended the Old Settlers picnic at Dakota City yesterday.

Joe Baker, the tonsorial artist, has again graduated, being now with Henry Lueders.

Fred and Wes Payne from Clearfield, Iowa, visited their brothers, John and Fay, the past week.

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Sam Davies took in the Dakota City picnic yesterday and advertised Wayne's street fair.

State Superintendent, W. K. Fowler, visited the institute Tuesday and made a short address to the teachers.

John Finn last week bought the Al Clark place, 240 acres, near German hall, at \$50 per acre. John has a good farm and well improved.

There will be all "colors" of people here for the street fair and if you don't come to Wayne this time it will be because your choler is not right.

P. H. Kohl made a good farm, sale last Saturday when he sold the Chas. Schultze place near the German hall to Gerald Porter at \$60 per acre.

J. H. Pingrey has bought the Jas. Doty farm in Stanton county. It comprises some 400 acres and sold at \$55. It is a finely improved farm.

Mrs. P. F. Wheeler and children who moved to Sioux City last spring will leave that place in a couple of weeks for South Africa where they expect to reside permanently.

Ole Granquist has recently purchased the farm he sold to J. H. Pingrey eight months ago at \$40, for \$50 per acre, a loss to Ole of \$8,200, or what it cost him to see Minnesota and find out that Nebraska was all right.

NEBRASKA STATE FAIR, Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 29-Sept. 5, 1902—For the above, excursion tickets will be sold Sept. 1 to 5 good returning until and including Sept. 6 at one fare for the round trip. Fare \$4.25.

The Methodist Times, Cleveland, Ohio: The fame of Lincoln will outlast the memory of the greatest orator who may thrill an audience with the story of that matchless life, but we believe no student of history will ever live who shall possess the oratorical genius to paint such a picture as Bishop Fowler.

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Our kid ball players go to Norfolk this Friday afternoon and if they don't get scared

HOSKINS

Mr and Mrs Fenaki and Mr Gus Miller left here Wednesday for Falls City, Texas, to visit old friends for some time.

Mrs Robert Templin returned from her visit last Sunday.

Mrs C Kuhl came home from her visit in Iowa Saturday.

Rev. Liston has been visiting several days this week with Hoskins friends.

John Shannon was shaking hands with Hoskins people Tuesday.

Mrs H J Candor arrived from Omaha Saturday evening.

So that people may inter from the item in last weeks Tribune that Hayden don't like work, we will assure you that he just dotes on it. If there is anything Hayden loves better than a little work its a lot of work. But at the same time he just won't be imposed upon. Its like this: When Hayden joined the Methodist saloon he naturally supposed there was an Aid society to do the dirty work. When he found he had been swindled, why he jumped his job, thats all.

Talking about big corn, we do not believe all we hear, but here is one that is as near true as any. We were out in the country last week and near the dinner hour we saw the lady of the house out in the yard apparently sawing wood. We said: "Why Mrs—do you have to saw your own wood?" "No," was the reply, but we are trying to get this ear of corn sawed up so we can get it in the kettle for dinner.

We saw a startling ad the other day. It read thus: "A Potato for Sale" which so excited our curiosity that we made inquiries. It seems the party advertising planted a field of potatoes and when he went to dig them they were so big that one filled the cave, he filled the cave and dug one more which he wanted to sell before digging the rest.

The school-house is being cleaned and put in general repair as school commences next week.

Frank Skeen is down from Wayne this week painting the Skeen farm house.

Mrs. Ray Gleason is visiting her parents near Norfolk.

CARROLL NEWS

(From the Index.)

Joe Taylor and Geo C. Merrill were Wayne visitors Friday.

Henry Bassford came home from Norfolk Sunday returning the next day.

Pastor Lewis of the Baptist church exchanged pulpits with Rev. C. R. Weldon of Wayne.

Wayne Wilkinson moved to Wayne today and W. C. Rolston will move into the house on the ranch vacated by Wilkinson.

Miss Mamie Hughs who has been visiting friends in the Welsh neighborhood returned to her home in Wayne Monday.

Misses Gerie and Hattie Weber and Byron Hoile of Wayne were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Robbins on Sunday.

J. Chauncey Childs came home Monday evening, accompanied by his friend and class mate, Louis Jorgensen of Shrougshurst. They leave this morning for the university at Minneapolis.

The Carroll schools will not open, we are informed until Monday, Sept. 8. This will give the children who desire it an opportunity of attending the carnival at Wayne without losing a day of school.

John Shannon returned Monday from a trip to the cattle ranges in the northwest part of the state where he purchased about 550 head of cattle. He expects to go back in a week or two after these and to buy about as many more.

Next week the Wayne people will have their carnival, when they expect to turn the town over to their guests to be painted as vermilion a hue as the latter may desire. The fun commences Thursday and continues until midnight Saturday.

Messdams John Harrington and Emil Weber came up from Wayne last night returning today.

Fred Schroeder went up to Sholes Tuesday to lay the foundation for a store room 25x50 which M. S. Merrill is erecting to rent.

Carroll came near having a "race" riot last Saturday night growing out of the marshal's attempt to arrest a young man for intoxication, but as no arrest has been made and little prospects of the matter going any further. The Index refrains from comment.

Grant Young having resigned as marshal and street commissioner, the board last evening appointed Grant Neff to fill the vacancy commencing Nov. 1st and continuing until May 1st he is to serve as night watch dog on duty at 2 p. m. and serving until 4 a. m. For these services he is to receive \$40 per month.

FOUR CORNERS AND SHOLES. BY HENRY

The town of Sholes will soon have a general store—just as soon as the building can be erected.

Mrs. W. W. Black and daughter Mrs. A. Andrews and Mr. and Mrs. Will Root attended the picnic at Wayne last Thursday.

Sholes is to have a state bank to be known as the Farmers State Bank, with an authorized capital of \$25,000. M. S. Merrill of Wayne is to be the president. The capital stock has been subscribed and a portion of the Blankinon building is being fitted for its temporary use until a permanent building can be erected.

"John, I'd like you to wake me at 5 o'clock tomorrow morning. I want to catch the early train."

"All right, sir; all right!" replied the able servant expressively, "all you got to do, sir, is to ring." Philadelphia North American.

Among the reminiscences of the class of '02 at Yale is the story of a stout and healthy looking member who was told by his tutor that "he was better fed than taught." "You teach me, I feed myself," was the retort.

"His poetry," the public complained, "smells of the lamp."

At this Pegasus reverted to his equine side and indulged in a horse laugh. "I suppose it's the odor of that gasoline vehicle he tied up to Africa I bucked and threw him," whinnied the fabled steed.—Automobile Magazine.

to death will bring home some scalps with them.

Miss Nellie Ross has gone to Wayne to Normal College.

Mrs Mary Needham and son are home from California.

Frank Brower has taken up a homestead in North Dakota and located there.

Ooon Creek News.

Gerald Porter has bought Chas. Schultze's home farm of 160 acres for \$60 per acre.

John Finn has bought the S. M. Clark farm of 240 acres for \$50 per acre.

Mattie Porter is going to teach school the coming year at Howell Neb.

Mrs. Engert and children returned from Washington.

The ladies sewing circle met with Mrs. W. T. Sears yesterday.

Mable Sears returned the first of the week from Omaha.

Will Cunningham will have to go to church alone Sunday evenings the coming year for his girls is going to teach school in the southern part of the state.

W. T. Sears went to Omaha last Friday to visit his son and returned Monday evening.

Special Excursions to St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and Other Lake Superior Points.

Tickets sold June 1st to Sept. 10th good returning until Oct. 31st. Rates vary according to time of purchase. For further information call at depot.

T. MORAN, AGENT

Omaha Markets NYE & BUCHANAN CO.

Last week's cattle receipts were very heavy being over 27,000, but three days of this week indicate a much larger run. The market can be quoted 50 to 75c lower than ten days ago, nevertheless it has kept quite steady on desirable feeders. Commoner kinds, as is usual with large receipts, have suffered the most.

We quote best killers and feeders \$4.75 to \$5.65, fair \$4.25 to \$4.75; stockers \$3.25 to \$4.00; common mixed stock \$2.50 to \$3.50; canners and cutters \$1.50 to \$2.50; choice cows and heifers \$4.00 to \$4.50; stock calves \$3.25 to \$4.50, veal \$4.50 to \$5.50.

Hogs are on the advance again with big jumps. Range of prices \$7.20 to \$7.50.

Sheep receipts are very liberal, with the feeling weakest on heavy and mutton sheep. Lambs and light yearlings high in proportion. We quote prices on yearlings \$3.40 to \$3.50, lambs \$4.10 to \$4.40, two-year olds and up \$3.00 to \$3.35, ewes \$2.25 to \$2.50, fat yearlings \$3.75 to \$4.05, fat lambs \$5.00 to \$5.50.

SHORT STORIES.

"Why is a woman—honest, now why is a wife cross?"

"Before marriage she was an I. After marriage she leaned on another I and they formed an X. Of course she's cross, and so are you, Pll bet."—New York Times.

Louis Philippe was a wit. What he especially excelled in was the clinching of an argument, such as, for instance, his final remark on the death of Talleyrand. He had paid him a visit the day before. When the news of the prince's death was brought to him he said, "Are you sure he's dead?" "Very sure, sire," was the answer. "Why, did not your majesty himself insist yesterday that he was dying?" "I did, but there is no judging from appearances with Talleyrand, and I have been asking myself for the last four and twenty hours what interest he could possibly have in departing at this particular moment."

"That author keeps his identity closely concealed." "Yes," answered Miss Cayenne, "until I read his books I thought it was due to modesty." "Isn't it?" "No. Discrepancy."—Washington Star.

It was her first ride in an automobile and she was deeply interested in the horn that was used to notify people to clear the way. "Papa," she said, "make it snore some more."—Chicago Post.

Sociable: Well, well," remarked Farmer Kormop at the Zoo, "this here lion appears to be real good natured."

"Mebbe" suggested his good wife, "it's one of them soci' lions ye read about in the papers."—Philadelphia Press.

"I can't imagine anything more unsatisfactory than a meal at our boarding house," said the chronic kicker. "No?" replied the impressionable young man. "Evidently you never got a kiss from your best girl over the telephone."—Philadelphia Press.

"How about that historic 'novel'?" asked the publisher.

"No good at all," answered the reader to whom it had been assigned. "The man doesn't understand how to write historical novels, and he hasn't perverted the truth as we know it enough to make any kind of a rumors among the critics. His book would fall flat."—Chicago Post.

A novel project was seen by a recent sojourner of Nova Scotia. It was printed on rough paper with red paint in a childish hand, and was tacked to a telephone pole in a conspicuous position. There will be a concert and fair in Mrs. Parson's sitting room today at 2 o'clock sharp. Admission—adults, 5 cents; children, 2 cents; babies, two for a cent.

"I wonder how they came to marry each other?"

"They were unable to decide which was the better ping pong player."—Exchange.



Notice
Our pianos must not be confused with the "Chickering" piano made by Chickering & Sons of Boston with whom we have no connection. Our pianos are high grade, made from original scales, and every instrument is guaranteed for a period of ten years.
SHICKERING BROS., Chicago.

Organs
Eskey, Western Cottage, Peerless and the Putman organs. We have a large line of school books, new tablets and school supplies, music books, sheet music, Parker fountain pens and the New Home sewing machines. M. S. Davies Book and Music House.

Colorado Peaches
This fruit is of very fine quality. For Canning it is far ahead of California peaches, being more juicy, sweeter and has a finer flavor. People who have not put up peaches will get cheaper and better peaches by buying the Colorado Freestone Peach, they cannot be beat. Having this fine fruit arrive daily I can fill all orders with.....
Choice = Fresh = Stock
Colorado Bartlett Pears,
Concord Grapes, Watermelons,
Port Limon Bananas, Cantalopes,
Plums, Apples, Sweet Potatoes
Celery, Tomatoes, Cabbage.
Highest Prices Paid for Butter & Eggs.
C. R. Witter's Cash Grocery.

Hear the Birds
warbling over their fine feathers! You would feel good, too, if you didn't feel as shabby as you look. Sing Get Ready for Spring by selecting a neat and natty suit of fashionable wear. I have some excellent patterns to show you.
HOLTZ, The Tailor.



GOOD ADVICE
The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects: such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Water-brash, Gas, and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits etc. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle of August Flower for 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you. Try it. Get Green's Special Almanac.
The New York Times says that Giegerich of the supreme court, who has a fine summer home on Staten Island, is fond of sailing, and a few days ago he invited a friend of his, a lawyer, to go down to the bay with him. At the start the wind was quite brisk, but soon freshened into a gale, and caused the little craft they were in to toss and roll in a manner that soon caused the lawyer's features to twist into expressive contortions.
Justice Giegerich noticing his friend's plight, laid a soothing hand on the latter's shoulder and said: "My dear fellow, can I do anything for you?"
"Yes, your honor," replied the lawyer in plaintive tones, "you will greatly oblige me by overruling this motion."
Fine residence property for sale. R. E. James.